### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

No.	Page	Chapter/	Policy	Responde	Comment	Response	Amendment
		Section	Number	nt			
1.				Historic England	Thank you for consulting Historic England about your Neighbourhood Plan.	Noted	None
					The area covered by your Neighbourhood Plan encompasses Hallaton Conservation Area and includes a number of important designated heritage assets. In line with national planning policy, it will be important that the strategy for this area safeguards those elements which contribute to the significance of these assets so that they can be enjoyed by future generations of the area.		
					If you have not already done so, we would recommend that you speak to the planning and conservation team at Harborough District Council together with the staff at Leicestershire County Council		

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archaeological advisory service who look
after the Historic Environment Record.
They should be able to provide details of
the designated heritage assets in the area
together with locally-important buildings,
archaeological remains and landscapes.
•
Some Historic Environment Records may
also be available on-line via the Heritage
Gateway ( <u>www.heritagegateway.org.uk</u>
<a href="http://www.heritagegateway.org.uk">http://www.heritagegateway.org.uk</a> ). It
may also be useful to involve local
voluntary groups such as the local Civic
Society or local historic groups in the
production of your Neighbourhood Plan.
Historic England has produced advice
which your community might find helpful
in helping to identify what it is about your
area which makes it distinctive and how
you might go about ensuring that the
character of the area is retained. These
can be found at:-
<a href="https://historicengland.org.uk/advice/plan">https://historicengland.org.uk/advice/plan</a>

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	ning/plan-making/improve-your-	
	neighbourhood/>	
	You may also find the advice in <i>"Planning</i>	
	for the Environment at the Neighbourhood	
	Level" useful. This has been produced by	
	Historic England,	
	Natural England, the Environment Agency	
	and the Forestry Commission. As well as	
	giving ideas on how you might improve	
	your local environment, it also contains	
	some useful further sources of	
	information. This can be downloaded	
	from:	
	<a href="http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/">http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/</a>	
	20140328084622/http://cdn.environment-	
	agency.gov.uk/LIT 6524 7da381.pdf>	
	If you envisage including new housing	
	,	
	allocations in your plan, we refer you to	
	our published advice available on our	
	website, "Housing Allocations in Local	

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			Plans" as this relates equally to neighbourhood planning. This can be found at < <u>https://content.historicengland.org.uk/ima</u> ges-books/publications/historic- environment-and-site-allocations-in-local- plans/heag074-he-and-site-allocation-local-		
		Fact	plans.pdf/> If you have any queries about this matter or would like to discuss anything further, please do not hesitate to contact me.	Thenk you for taking the	
2.		East Norton Parish Meeting	Thank you for this opportunity for the East Norton Parish Meeting to comment on the Hallaton Draft Neighbourhood Plan. As chairman of the ENPM I have read through the well prepared and comprehensive document and can find nothing which impacts on the East Norton parish. However, I will now circulate details of the weblink to as many members as I have contact details for, inviting any comments	Thank you for taking the trouble to comment.	
			to be brought to a Parish Meeting arranged for Wednesday 25th September.		

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	61 63	Traffic Manageme nt Footpaths		I would like to query one point. On page 61 under 'Traffic Management' and page 63 under 'Footpaths, Bridleways and Cycleways' there is a statement which reads 'A national motorcycle route passes through the village'. I am not aware of any national motorcycle routes but if you are referring to the 'National Byway' (brown signs), that is a national cycle route, also known as 'Britain's Heritage Cycling Route'. More information is available at https://www.thenationalbyway.org/	Thank you for pointing this out. We will change the reference to 'Britain's Heritage Cycling Route'.	Change to be made as indicated
3.			Natural England	Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 30 August 2019. Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development. Natural England is a statutory consultee in neighbourhood planning and must be consulted on draft neighbourhood	These general comments are noted. The Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan contains a wide range of environmental protections and enhancements.	None

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	<ul> <li>development plans by the Parish/Town Councils or Neighbourhood Forums where they consider our interests would be affected by the proposals made. Natural England does not have any specific comments on this draft neighbourhood plan. However, we refer you to the attached annex which covers the issues and opportunities that should be considered when preparing a Neighbourhood Plan. For any further consultations on your plan, please contact: consultations@naturalengland.org.uk. Yours faithfully Dawn Kinrade Consultations Team</li> <li>Annex 1 - Neighbourhood planning and the natural environment: information, issues and opportunities Natural environment information sources</li> <li>The Magic1 website will provide you with</li> </ul>	
	much of the nationally held natural environment data for your plan area. The	

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	<ul> <li>most relevant layers for you to consider are: Agricultural Land Classification, Ancient Woodland, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, Local Nature Reserves, National Parks (England), National Trails, Priority Habitat Inventory, public rights of way (on the Ordnance Survey base map) and Sites of Special Scientific Interest (including their impact risk zones). Local environmental record centres may hold a range of additional information on the natural environment. A list of local record centres is available here2.</li> <li>Priority habitats are those habitats of particular importance for nature conservation, and the list of them can be found here3. Most of these will be mapped either as Sites of Special</li> <li>Scientific Interest, on the Magic website or as Local Wildlife Sites. Your local planning authority should be able to supply you with the locations of Local Wildlife Sites.</li> </ul>	
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National Character Areas (NCAs) divide England into 159 distinct natural areas.         Each character area is defined by a unique combination of landscape, biodiversity, geodiversity and cultural and economic activity. NCA profiles contain descriptions of the area and statements of environmental opportunity, which may be useful to inform proposals in your plan. NCA information can be found here4.         There may also be a local landscape character assessment covering your area. This is a tool to help understand the character and local distinctiveness of the landscape and identify the features that give it a sense of place. It can help to inform, plan and manage change in the area. Your local planning authority should be able to help you access these if you can't find them online.
If your neighbourhood planning area is within or adjacent to a National Park or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

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(AONB), the relevant National Park/AONB         Management Plan for the area will set out         useful information about the protected         landscape. You can access the plans on         from the relevant National Park Authority         or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty         website.         General mapped information on soil types         and Agricultural Land Classification is         available (under 'landscape') on the         Magic5 website and also from the LandIS         website6, which contains more information         about obtaining soil data.         Natural environment issues to consider         The National Planning Policy Framework7         sets out national planning policy on         protecting and enhancing the natural         environment.         Planning Practice Guidance8 sets out         supporting guidance.
Your local planning authority should be

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rtance.aspx 4https://www.gov.uk/government/publicatio ns/national-character-area-profiles-data- for-local-decision-making 5 http://magic.defra.gov.uk/ 6 http://www.landis.org.uk/index.cfm 7https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/g	
7https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/g overnment/uploads/system/uploads/attach ment_data/file/807247/NPPF_Feb_2019 _revised.pdf 8http://planningguidance.planningportal.go v.uk/blog/guidance/natural-environment/	

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	Your plans or orders may present opportunities to protect and enhance locally valued landscapes. You may want to consider identifying distinctive local landscape features or characteristics such as ponds, woodland or dry stone walls and think about how any new development proposals can respect and enhance local landscape character and distinctiveness. If you are proposing development within or close to a protected landscape (National Park or Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty) or other sensitive location, we recommend that you carry out a landscape assessments can help you to choose the most appropriate sites for development and help to avoid or minimise impacts of development on the landscape through careful siting, design and landscaping. Wildlife habitats	
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Some proposals can have adverse impacts on designated wildlife sites or other priority habitats (listed here9), such as Sites of Special Scientific Interest or Ancient woodland10. If there are likely to be any adverse impacts you'll need to think about how such impacts can be avoided, mitigated or, as a last resort, compensated for.Priority and protected speciesYou'll also want to consider whether any proposals might affect priority species (listed here11) or protected species. To help you do this, Natural England has produced advice here12 to help understand the impact of particular developments on protected species.Best and Most Versatile Agricultural Land	
Soil is a finite resource that fulfils many important functions and services for society. It is a growing medium for food,	

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timber and other crops, a store for carbon and water, a reservoir of biodiversity and a buffer against pollution. If you are proposing development, you should seek to use areas of poorer quality agricultural land in preference to that of a higher quality in line with National Planning Policy Framework para 171. For more information, see our publication Agricultural Land Classification: protecting the best and most versatile agricultural land13. Improving your natural environment Your plan or order can offer exciting opportunities to enhance your local environment. If you are setting out policies on new development or proposing sites for development, you may wish to consider identifying what environmental features
development, you may wish to consider identifying what environmental features you want to be retained or enhanced or new features you would like to see created as part of any new development.

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	<ul> <li>Examples might include: Providing a new footpath through the new development to link into existing rights of way. Restoring a neglected hedgerow. Creating a new pond as an attractive feature on the site. Planting trees characteristic to the local area to make a positive contribution to the local landscape. Using native plants in landscaping schemes for better nectar and seed sources for bees and birds. Incorporating swift boxes or bat boxes into the design of new buildings. Think about how lighting can be</li> <li>best managed to encourage wildlife. Adding a green roof to new buildings.</li> <li>9http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk /20140711133551/http:/www.naturalengla nd.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversit y/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimpo rtance.aspx</li> </ul>		
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10https://www.gov.uk/guidance/ancient-	
woodland-and-veteran-trees-protection-	
surveys-licences	
11http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.u	
k/20140711133551/http://www.naturalengl	
and.org.uk/ourwork/conservation/biodiversi ty/protectandmanage/habsandspeciesimp	
ortance.aspx	
12 https://www.gov.uk/protected-species-	
and-sites-how-to-review-planning-	
proposals	
13http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk	
/publication/35012	
You may also want to consider enhancing	
your local area in other ways, for example	
by:	
Setting out in your plan how you would	
like to implement elements of a wider	
Green Infrastructure Strategy (if one	
exists) in your community.	
Assessing needs for accessible	
greenspace and setting out proposals to	
address any deficiencies or enhance	
provision.	

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Identifying green areas of particular
importance for special protection through
Local Green Space designation (see
Planning Practice Guidance on this 14).
Managing existing (and new) public
spaces to be more wildlife friendly (e.g. by
sowing wild flower strips in less used parts
of parks, changing hedge cutting timings
and frequency).
Planting additional street trees.
Identifying any improvements to the
existing public right of way network, e.g.
cutting back hedges,
improving the surface, clearing litter or
installing kissing gates) or extending the
network to create
missing links.
Restoring neglected environmental
features (e.g. coppicing a prominent hedge
that is in poor condition,
or clearing away an eyesore).
14http://planningguidance.planningportal.g
ov.uk/blog/guidance/open-space-sports-
and-recreation-facilities-public-rights-of-

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				way-and-local-green-space/local-green- space-designation/		
4.	18.	Delivering High Quality Design & HBE1 Para 9	Residents	Given the current issues with wheelie bins being left on the pavement in High Street and elsewhere, requiring individual properties to make provision for "containers for compliant with the refuse collection system", clearly runs the risk of problems with refuse and recycling storage becoming outdated and inadequate as responsibilities of households increase driven by both cost pressures on HDC and environmental needs (see General Comments below).	Thank you for these comments. The criterion was included to ensure that the storage system in new development meets the latest requirements in place at the time of the development which is considered to be an appropriate policy intention.	None
	18.	Delivering High Quality Design & HBE1 Para 10 & 11		The references here to water efficiency and drainage do not adequately address the impact on the environment where previously open ground is covered preventing rainwater entering the groundwater system. Para 10 should be written "water efficiency (including the use of grey water)" Para 11. Should explicitly state that the discharge of	Thank you. In para 10 we will add in 'the use of grey water' Noted. In para 11 – we will	Change to be made as indicated

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			rainwater and surface water into existing Surface drains is deprecated. The appended drawing shows that surface water from Eastgate (and Northgate?) discharges into the Hallaton Brook bellow 9 Eastgate. I believe that some of the surface drainage of High Street/ The Cross discharges from twin clay pipes in my garden and then runs into Hallaton Brook. The risks of flooding downstream should not be increased by adding to these discharges.	add in 'and should not increase the risk of flooding downstream'	Change to be made as indicated
18.	Limits to Developme		I strongly support the use of a delineated LTD area.	Noted	None
24.	nt Housing	Policy	The Housing Mix seems to differentiate	Noted	None
	Mix & HBE5	HBE 5	only by number of bedrooms. Given the high entry barriers to property ownership HBE5 needs to include for a mixture of purchased, rented and social housing. As we are already in "Generation Rent" we need to ensure that younger people and families that cannot afford to buy are able to remain in our community.	Whilst we support the sentiment in this comment, affordable housing cannot be enforced in developments of fewer than 11 as stated in the Local Plan. A separate policy on	None

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Housing Needs Analysis	Appendix 4	See above but specifically Table 3 Tenure Whilst we have a typical level of not owned properties, we lack information of how Tenure relates to Table 5 Number of Bedrooms. We need to know if there is an adequate supply of family sized rental property. This is likely to be a growing demand and we need to ensure that young families that can't buy can be accommodate to the extent that we can control this.	Affordable housing promotes housing for local people. Noted. The NP supports smaller housing more suitable for young families and affordable housing for those who cannot afford the property prices in the Parish.	None
Environmen tal Impact	Appendix 5 Para 3	See above but specifically the use of grey water should not be subject to "where appropriate".	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated
Utilities and waste	Appendix 5 Para 5	See above but specifically " connected to the local fibre optic network and cabling, pipework and" is ambiguous. I suggest " connected to the local fibre optic network. Cabling, pipework and" Further this policy should require all utility connections to be completed prior to first	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.

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General Comments	occupation. General comments about the Plan: This is a very good document and the Neighbourhood Plan team are to be congratulated on its quality. My one concern (major) is that the Plan is meant to cover the period 2018 to 2031 but there is little sense that the plan covers a long period of time rather than just addressing current issues. This introduces two risks; that we either do things too early in the plan, or that the plan becomes out of date before 2031 as external changes impact on the village.	Noted. It is common practice that the NP covers the same timescale as the Local plan, which is to 2031. It is stated, however, that the NP will be formally reviewed when circumstances change.	None
	I suggest that there a number of themes where the Plan should have the ability to respond to external events particularly in Energy, Transport and the Environment. Energy: There is likely to be a significant increase in electricity demand from run down of gas/oil heating and electric vehicles. We should engage with Western Power to understand if this has any	Noted. This is not a planning policy as such and is outside the scope of the document Noted. We will add in a community action to engage with Western Power	Change to be made as indicated

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<ul> <li>implications for the village. Do we need to make provision in our plans for more energy infrastructure? If we are going to have to dig up the High Street we should aim to do it once.</li> <li>Transportation-1: We have to have a plan for 20% of cars being EVs in 2024. Being a more affluent area we could be ahead of the national adoption rate is we can address kerbside charging.</li> <li>Transportation-2: The patterns of vehicle usage are likely to change arising from an ageing population, increases in costs, and green pressures. We have already seen a significant increase in internet shopping that has resulted in increases in delivery traffic into the village. We should have solutions including local delivery hub ready for implementation.</li> </ul>	Noted. The NP supports communal vehicle charging points but cannot require specific solutions.	None
Environment: Many existing households struggle to deal with current waste collections and the likely increase in burden on householders means that even	Noted. This is an interesting idea but is beyond the scope of a planning document.	None

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					new properties will struggle. We should have solutions to centralising waste collection for implementation from 2024 in the plan. I would envisage that we would need one facility per 20 houses. This list is not meant to be exhaustive but gives a view on some themes where we should be ready to respond to events as the unfold and not simply react or find out that our plans are not robust.	Thank you for these comments which are very helpful.	
5.	23	Reserve Site	Policy HBE 4	Resident	Reserve site - I do not agree that Cow Close needs to be used as a reserve site. Hallaton has enough infill sites to cover our allocation and I believe that using Cow Close as a reserve site leaves us open to over development. Site 4 in Medbournes neighbourhood plan was originally allocated for a maximum of 12 houses and the examiner changed the wording to a minimum of 12, Medbourne is now facing a planning of 21 on this site which is the main entrance to the village. Using Cow Close at all is putting the village at risk. Great Glen have just had 170 houses	Thank you for this comment. The identification of a reserve site helps to meet future need as it arises and avoids the vulnerability that comes with speculative development. Excluding the site from the Limits to Development provides a further safeguard to the site coming forward before it is required.	None

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			approved, a large percentage of this is outside the LTD line. The Neighbourhood Plan should protect the village and I feel even using Cow Close as a reserve site does not do this.	The Medbourne site has not been approved and has recently been withdrawn as an application. The Great Glen site was approved well in advance of the NP being Made and was not, therefore, a material consideration.	None
19	Limits to Developme nt	Policy HBE 2	Limit to Development Line - I disagree with the LTD line as it is currently drawn. I believe the area at the top of Hunts Lane should be included, this has already received planning approval for holiday cottages, this could easily be changed by the owner to houses and this would cover 3 more dwellings towards our allocation. I also disagree with the line excluding the area on Hog Lane which could provide valuable Almshouses for the young or elderly of the village.	<ul> <li>Noted. An intention to submit a planning application is not the same as one being approved so cannot count towards the housing target as suggested.</li> <li>The Limits to Development line was drawn following the application of an agreed methodology in order to provide sufficient new houses and to distinguish</li> </ul>	None

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						between the built-up area and the countryside.	
6	17-23	Housing – Design, Limits to Developme nt, Allocation		Resident	Significant effort has been put into the revised plan, particularly Page 17 - 23 especially since the new development by Grace Homes, in Northend, has received planning approval and is now in a position to build 23 homes and 5 further homes will be taken up within three infill allocations. Thus providing the 28 homes required by HDC.	Thank you for this comment. Noted	None
		Reserve Site	Policy HBE 4		Why then does Cow Close continue to be in the mix as a reserve site, for a further 11 homes? This field offers more than enough land for 11 homes to be built. By offering it as a reserve site, large as it is, in all probability will signal to HDC, there is room for more than 11 homes to be built? Remember Pandora's Box?	The site is included to control future development if needed because of an increase in housing need or a failure to deliver allocated sites or sites with a planning permission. Not having a reserve site leaves the Parish vulnerable to speculative development if the level of new housing required	None

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				increases in the future.	
7. Res Site	e Policy HBE 4	Resident	I object to us offering a reserve site at all. According to the Plan we have met the minimum number of houses required with the North End site plus the infill around the village. Having read in the plan that it doesn't want to destroy the character and feel of the village, then I think offering up a reserve site (in case things change etc) is a dangerous mistake, and just gives the option/idea to the council to use that reserve and increase the number of houses if it decides to do so. Also by suggesting using Cow Close field then you are in fact increasing the size of the village instead of containing it, which makes no sense when the plan states that it wants to keep the village as a village and sympathetically true to its character. Also, once any building on Cow Close takes place, and the land extends in future years, there will be no reason to stop development moving towards Horninghold and swallowing that village up. Therefore I	Thank you for commenting. We understand your concerns. However, the Cow Close site will only come forward if further development is needed in the Parish. It was considered the most suitable of all available sites. If a reserve site is not included in the NP, then when further development is required it will on a 'first come first served' basis and potentially in a much less suitable location. By allocating a reserve site, the NP retains control over development into the future.	None

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				feel it is imperative to just give the council the minimum number of houses we are expected to take and leave it at that. I have been told that Medbourne had a reserve of houses and the council then took that as carte blanche to increase not only that reserve number but to build there, so it obviously didn't work for them, in fact, it was to their detriment to have a reserve. So in conclusion I wish to state that I object most strongly to having a reserve site and would like it removed from the Plan.	Your information about Medbourne is incorrect. There was no reserve site allocated in the NP.	None
8.	Reserve Site	Policy HBE 4	Resident	Given the recent planning application that has been granted in Great Glen (170 houses. Half of which are outside their limits to development). And the Planning application off Paynes Lane in Medbourne. Also outside the limits to development. I find it concerning that we have a "reserve site".	Thank you for taking the trouble to comment. In fact, the Great Glen approval was made well before the Great Glen NP had been produced, and the Medbourne application has not yet been determined,	None

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	Strategic Site assessment s		The arguments for the reserve site don't stand up in my opinion, almost asking for the land to be built on. If we need to build more houses in the future can we not move the limits to development at our disgression? Do we need a reserve site? Though I do think there will be some more infil sites come up in the Village. I think the reserve site should be removed from the NP. Np. Site assessments It was mentioned by a parishioner at the PC meeting on Monday that there is no plan of the sites in the site assessments. I can not find one either.	therefore drawing any conclusions about the appropriateness of the Limits to Development is premature. You cannot move the Limits to Development without undertaking a formal review of the NP which is likely to take a minimum of 12 months to conclude, therefore the option to move the Limits to Development at your discretion is not available. The plan of the allocated sites is in figure 3a A map of the other sites will be provided	None Change to be made as indicated
21-22	Housing allocations	Policy HBE 3	I can not find one either. Regarding plot 12 on the NP. Adjacent to the Fox Inn, which most confusingly is then plot 3 on the NP!	provided. The plots numbering was changed to reflect the three allocations and is therefore	Change to be made as indicated

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(Likewise for other plots, their numbers have been changed!)	different to the site assessment numbering. We will cross reference in the policy.	
Site Capacity. "0.2 Hectares, approx 4 units" Given the size of the Horse Chestnut trees on this site I was concerned about the proximity of foundations to trees. The "Root protection area" is explained on the web site below. http://open- spaces.co.uk/2017/11/02/constructing- buildings-within-root-protection-area-rpa/ Some extracts The RPA came into existence within the British Standard 5837 (2005) Trees in relation to construction – Recommendations and then within its updated form BS 5837 (2012) Trees in relation to, design, demolition and	This is why the number is approximate. The precise number will be determined at planning application stage.	None

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site!
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Significant Trees	Appendix 11	<ul> <li>Safe Vehicular access.</li> <li>"An existing gate opening is in place but this might not provide the visibility splays required by highways, a side entrance could also be used with the support of a third party landowner"</li> <li>Can someone tell me where this access would be?</li> <li>I thought the "Safe access to public transport" had been removed from all sites? Still on this one.</li> <li>Appendix 11 (no mention of what Appendix 11 is on the link). But I found it eventually. It is Significant trees!</li> </ul>	This matter will be determined at planning application stage	None
		I think we have lost one of the Ash trees on Hare Pie Bank.	Thank you for spotting these errors.	Change to be made as indicated
		44 & 45 are on the Plan. But not listed below? These may be 2 of the		

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				<ul> <li>Wellingtonia mentioned below.</li> <li>Also I cannot find 43 on the List.</li> <li>There are 7 if not 8 Wellingtonia Fir trees in the Village.</li> <li>by far the biggest trees in the Village.</li> <li>3 at the top of the Spinney adjacent to</li> <li>Hare Pie Bank. (Unfortunately one has lost its top due to lightening strike).</li> <li>2 West of the Rectory in Glebe Land.</li> <li>And 2 or 3 in the Hall Wood, behind Three Farthings on Medbourne Road.</li> <li>I think these should be included in the list.</li> <li>There are a number of Mature Oaks in Hall Wood, opposite the Cow Close Spinney.</li> <li>There are few Oak trees in the Village.</li> <li>I think these should be included too.</li> </ul>		
9.	Reserve Site	Policy HBE 4	Resident	I am writing in response to the proposed Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan. In my opinion the plan is flawed in that it proposes to keep 'Cow Close' on the document as a reserve site as 'there may be a need for additional housing over the	Thank you for making comment. The inclusion of a reserve site affords an opportunity to control development	None

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	timeframe of the neighbourhood plan'.	should circumstances	
	Surely the whole idea of the plan is to fulfil	change during the Plan	
	our quota of housing as set out by the	period. It was assessed	
		•	
	council until the year 2031 - not to highlight		
	possibilities for further development before	thorough and independently	
	this end? To put this on our plan in any	led process.	
	way is to invite the council to see this as		
	an acceptable site to develop on before	The site in question was	
	2031. It is naive to think that, should	supported by 57 of the 73	
	government guide lines change in the next	people who commented on	
	12 years (which they most certainly will),	it at the open event	
	the council will not see this inclusion on	attended by over 100 local	
	the plan as a 'green light' for further	people to share the	
	development. I do not see anywhere on	emerging policies.	
	the council or government guidelines		
	where a 'reserve site' is required so I have		
	to question the motives of the		
	neighbourhood plan committee on its		
	dogged attempts to have this site on the		
	plan at all. Originally, this was the		
	committees preferred site for development		
	even though proposals for North End were		
	in discussion at HDC and although North		
	End is now approved as the development		
	site, they still refuse to take it off the table.		

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			I can only assume that the committee, or some of its members has a vested interest in developing that site as otherwise to leave it on the plan has the propensity to be detrimental to the 'vision of Hallaton'. This proposal and future development of Cow Close is absolutely contradictory to points 1&2 made on page 17 of the proposed plan and I therefore cannot support it. In conclusion, I will not be able to get behind this plan until the reserve site of Cow Close is removed from it. To that end I will be campaigning to my friends and neighbours to do the same.	This is most emphatically not the case. Rules of public engagement were meticulously followed.	
10.		Resident	in SUPPORT of PRE- SUBMISSION HALLATON NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN 2018 – 2031 ( the Plan )	Thank you for these comments.	
			I am responding to the Neighbourhood Plan Advisory Committee's (PAC) invitation to submit comments on the pre- Submission Plan.		

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	I have read the Plan and kept myself abreast of its drawing up. In my opinion the Plan is soundly informed by local knowledge and rigorous background research, professionally presented, logical and robust in its policy statements within the framework of national planning policy guidance and the Local Plan, and a well- grounded platform for proper management of the growth of the village through the Plan period.
	Accordingly I support the pre-Submission Plan as drafted. The most contentious part of the Plan has been the Housing and Built Environment section.
Housing	I support the PAC's conclusion that allocating one site to take the bulk of the village's housing allocation will give the best opportunity for an appropriate mix of housing type and tenure. It will be helpful in giving certainty to deliverability and minimising adverse impact on the village

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			environment. I am aware that two sites have been considered for 'one site' status: one known locally as Cow Close Field and the other on North End. Each has a similar housing capacity. Having viewed the sites myself, I am of the view that the North End site would have a significantly greater detrimental impact on the village; and that it would undermine several of the policies in the Plan, beyond the pure housing ones: undermine them to such an extent, that it would require some surgery in being taken forward. Accordingly I support :		
19.	Limits to Developme nt	Policy HBE 2	<b>HBE2</b> to define the Limits to Development as excluding the North End site whilst including the Cow Close Field site.	Noted.	None
21.	Housing Allocations	Policy HBE 3	<b>HBE3</b> nominating the Cow Close Field site as the designated site to take the bullk of the village's housing allocation during the	sites within the Limits to	None

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				Plan period. It is unclear to me how Harborough District Council's resolution to grant planning permission for the North End site can be reconciled with the Pre-Submission Plan, with which it is in conflict. I do understand that delay in producing the Neighbourhood Plan has undoubtedly been a factor in this, and also that the North End 'consent' is subject to a S106 being agreed and entered into.	the Cow Close site outside of the Limits to Development as a reserve site to come forward only if circumstances change in the future and within the Plan period.	
1	7.	Design Standards	Policy HBE 1	It is often the case that residential development in rural villages pays nodding recognition only to local vernacular. I wholeheartedly support Plan policy <b>HBE1</b> to deliver high quality design. My concern is that while most plans, if not all, have such policy provision, the enforcement of such policies at Development Control level is insufficiently rigorous. I would implore Harborough District Council to enforce high standards of design in the village to ameliorate adverse impact and,		None

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				ambitiously, to go further and pro-actively enhance the local environment. It is my understanding that the Parish Council is of the view it can work closely with the owner of the Cow Close Field site to achieve its Plan design quality objectives. In my view this is an additional merit of allocating this site for housing purposes.		
10.	Traffic Manageme nt	Policy TR 1	Resident	We are concerned about the increase in traffic through the village with the Grace Homes development at North End. This road is only just suitable for the existing houses and so the developers, Highways, HDC and Hallaton Parish Council, through the Neighbourhood Plan, must ensure that the road is safe for pedestrians and road users not just on North End but the adjoining roads too. In particular Hunts Lane, Hog Lane, Goadby Road and also the track between Glebe farm and Churchgate (which we believe to be a private road) it is used daily by parents taking and collecting children from the school. Currently issues of safety for pedestrians	Thank you for this comment. Although the Parish Council shares your concern at the impact of traffic following the approval of the North End application, The NP cannot influence planning proposals that have already been determined. Policy TR1 on traffic management seeks to mitigate the impact of future development on the highway network.	None

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			exists due to the increased volume of traffic at the start and end of the school day, potentially placing children and others at risk. Hunts Lane is often congested with traffic needing to reverse or move onto the banks to allow vehicles to pass. With the addition of at least 23 houses in North End there will be increased pressure on the current roads in the village. A one-way system needs to be considered to reduce the risks, or the use of bollards at the junction of North End and Hunts Lane, also Hog Lane should be included to keep traffic to a minimum in these narrow lanes and ensure the safety of villagers.		
11.	General comment	Resident	I am contacting you ref the Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan Pre submission version I have no issues or questions with any part of the plan apart from the housing section. My concerns are as follows:	Thank you for commenting.	
	Housing		As has been stated ,there is now an approved site on North End that will	The housing target set by Harborough DC is a	None

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Any windfall sites coming forwards after the NP has been Made will need to be in line with the policies in the NP. As the NP confirms, there is also a probable total of 10 further homes over the three sites named in the NP (31 High St, North End, adjacent to the Fox pub). If they all come to fruition we will have a total of 35 PLUS any windfall sites which could		comprise of 23 homes. My understanding is that the village allocation is set at 28, with a margin on top of this number of 10%. That makes a need for 31 homes. There is at present an additional two homes (three replacing one previously on the site) being built on Medbourne Rd. That makes a total of 25 in the pipeline. We therefore need to find a total of six more homes over the next ten years or so. Over the previous ten years many more than this bave been built by windfall andminimum target. It is widely recognised that providing for only the minimum amount required poses a risk to the future control over development, and although windfall sites have come forward over recent years it cannot be guaranteed that this will continue.	
		<ul> <li>than this have been built, by windfall, and there is no reason to think that this rate of building will not continue over the next ten years. That alone will almost certainly fulfil our required allocation, and probably more.</li> <li>As the NP confirms, there is also a probable total of 10 further homes over the three sites named in the NP (31 High St, North End, adjacent to the Fox pub). If they all come to fruition we will have a total</li> </ul>	

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	<ul> <li>estimate. That could easily amount to 45 homes, where we are at present required to have 31.</li> <li>One of the main points that all sides were able to agree about over the last year's discussions of the NP was that no-one wants over development in Hallaton. I would suggest that we could well end up with exactly such over allocation, even without the reserve site that is proposed in the NP for Cow Close!</li> </ul>		
Reserve Site	As to Cow Close, I would ask that this site be removed as a reserve site as there is no need for it in any circumstance except for the very remote possibility that the North End site does not proceed. I understand that it has been removed from the limits to development, and can see that a compromise in that regard has been accepted by the committee. However, there is a real danger that this site could be seen as an easy target for future development if it is named as a reserve	It is needed not only should the North End site fail to proceed but also in case of an increase in housing required over the Plan period. If this does not materialise then the site will not be developed. Its location outside of the Limits to Developments affords an additional degree of protection.	None

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site.		
Therefore I have several questions.		
<ol> <li>At what point would the Cow Close site "come into play" as a site for housing if it remains in the NP as a reserve site? Would it be held in reserve right until the end of the period involved ie 2031?</li> </ol>	It would remain until additional housing was required in the circumstances described above.	None
2) What happens if for economic or any other reasons the North End site does not proceed quickly to development? For example, supposing the site does not commence until five years or more has passed? (I assume planning would extend the three year requirement to build under it's planning approval) Or even longer, say 7 years? Would the Cow Close site then be called in for building on?	No – the North End site will be counted until such a time as the planning permission lapses for whatever reason.	None
3) If the other sites mentioned in the NP do not commence within the same sort of time frame I mention in 2) would Cow Close then be called in for building on?	It will only be activated if a minimum of a further 11 houses were required.	None

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4) If we end up with the North End site and some of the others proceeding and our 3 home allocation is fulfilled, will Cow Close cease to be a reserve site? If not, why not?	It will remain a reserve site throughout the Plan period but only utilised if needed for the reasons stated.	None
5) I think that if, for reasons as yet unexplained, Cow Close remains as a reserve site I think it is essential that it be ring fenced in a way that states it will only be called in to build on if the North End site has not commenced to be built on. If North End commences, then Cow Close ceases to be a reserve site and will not be built on, as any other part of the village cannot be built on. Can this be written into the document so that it is a time limited reserve site?	This is a misunderstanding of the role of the reserve site. It is there to meet an increase in housing need, should it arise, and not just linked to the delivery of the North End site.	None
My concern is that if Cow Close stays as a reserve site then we could be in a situation that we have up to 35-45 future homes as I outlined above and then if the NP has to be reviewed due to additional	If Harborough DC require further housing to be built in Hallaton and there is no reserve site, then the development may take	None

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requirements being placed on us by Harborough Council, we could well end up with an additional "around" eleven homes being built there. This would come about because Harborough could simply point to the fact that we have included the site as a "reserve" site, implying therefore that we are happy for it to be developed, which is certainly NOT the case. In addition, the Cow Close site was previously being considered for building 25 or so houses on it so it could well be looked at as an easy location for Harborough council to push for such a number. Then we could be looking at up to 70 extra homes in Hallaton compared with today!	place on a less suitable site.	
I feel it is essential that Cow Close be removed as a reserve site completely to avoid such a possibility. As I mentioned early, EVERYONE agrees that over development would be the worse possible outcome for the village. Thanks to all involved for the large amount	Over development is an emotive term. Hallaton has to take a share of housing determined by Harborough DC and the NP has indicated where this is best located. If further development is required,	None

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			of work that has been put into creating this document. Thanks for the acknowledgement of receipt. I appreciate this is after the consultation date but I have just received the HIST booklet and it mentions an application for two houses on Hog Lane. I would like this added to the anticipated build of "windfall" sites which therefore reinforces the argument for the removal of Cow Close as a reserve site from the plan altogether.	this cannot be described as overdevelopment, and it is in these circumstances that the NP will continue to control where this development takes place. Noted. An application is very different from an approval and cannot be recognised in the NP as if it has been approved by HDC. In any event, it would not remove the need for the reserve site as explained above.	None
12.	General Comments	Nick Wakefield Planning Specialist The Environme nt Agency	Within the red outline of the Limits of Development plan there are no areas of flood risk from rivers (Flood Zones 2,3) according to the latest information available to the Environment Agency (EA). However we note there is an area of flood zone to the SE and running North-South outside of the Plan area (with the former	Noted	None

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being encoded with a Main Diverset the
being associated with a Main River of the
EA). Therefore if the Limits of
Development were to be extended then
these environmental constraints would
need to be taken into account –
development proposed in areas of flood
risk must have passed the flooding
Sequential Test (in line with the National
Planning Policy Framework), and any
planning application be accompanied by
an NPPF compliant Flood Risk
Assessment (FRA); development within
8m of a Main River is likely to require a
Flood Risk Activity Permit (FRAP) from the
EA.
There are two historic landfill sites located
to the North of 'North End' and these do lie
within the currently defined Limits of
Development. Historic Landfill sites are by
definition a source of potential
contamination and therefore if these areas
of land are to be redeveloped proposals
will need to ensure that they do not pose a
risk to the water environment. The Local
Planning Authority (Harborough District

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

13.			Stewart Patience, Spatial Planning Manager,	Council) should contain information regarding when the last sites stopped taking waste and also the type of waste which was accepted. Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Hallaton Pre-submission Neighbourhood Plan. The following response is submitted on behalf of Anglian Water.	Noted	None
			Anglian Water Services Limited	The views of Severn Trent Water who are responsible for potable (clean) water in the Parish should be sought on the Neighbourhood Plan I would be grateful if you could confirm that you have received this response.		
	Design Standards	Policy HBE 1		Policy HBE1: Design Standards We fully support the requirement for development proposals in the parish incorporating Sustainable Drainage Systems to minimising vulnerability to flooding and climate change.		
	Housing Allocations	Policy HBE 3		Policy HBE3: Housing Allocations We note that three sites are identified as	Noted	None

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Reserve Site	Policy HBE 4		<ul> <li>housing allocations for a total of approximately 10 dwellings. Anglian Water has no objection to the principle of residential development on this site.</li> <li>Policy HBE4: Reserve site allocation We note that further site is identified as a reserve housing allocation for 11 dwellings. Anglian Water has no objection to the principle of residential development on this site.</li> </ul>	Noted	None
14.			Hallaton and Isabella Stenning Trust (HIST)	I'm afraid that there is not enough space on the comments form for the Trustees' feedback; I trust that this letter will be considered in lieu of the comments form. As you know, the proposed new almshouses will be owned and managed by The Hallaton & Isabella Stenning Trust (HIST). HIST was formed from the Hallaton General Charities founded in 1896 for the benefit of the poor (including the current almshouses in Hog Lane built in 1842) and The Isabella Stenning Charity which was a legacy for new almshouses	Thank you for this detailed set of comments.	None

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	left by Isabella Stenning in 1915. These 2
	charities (the Hallaton General Charities
	and the Isabella Stenning Charity) were
	combined by the Charity Commissioner in
	2002. The charity currently owns and
	manages 16 almshouses (6 houses on
	Hog Lane, 4 houses on High Street, and 6
	houses on North End), the village hall, the
	recreation ground, and other land. Building
	is expected to commence on an
	accessible almshouse on Hunts Lane in
	October/November 2019. The Charity is,
	and always has been, an important part of
	the village community by providing
	subsidised housing and support for those
	in need.
	HIST is governed by a 'Scheme' issued by
	the Charity Commission which shows that
	the object of the charity is to promote
	charitable purposes for the benefit of the
	inhabitants of Hallaton, as the trustees
	think fit, and in particular by:
	The provision and maintenance of
	almshouses

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The provision and maintenance of a village hall and recreation ground     The relief of poverty, the promotion of education, the promotion of religion.     The 6 almshouses currently on Hog Lane were originally part of 10-16 charity cottages for the poorest people in Hallaton who were usually the elderly and vulnerable. Being of brick construction with slate roofs, these 6 almshouses are the only ones which now survive. The other cottages were generally mud and thatch houses with one ground floor room, one bedroom, and a small garden with outside toilet but crammed into a small footprint, including the area which is now the children's play area with rocking horse. It became too costly to keep repairing these cottages, the last of which was demolished several decades ago; a former original occupant (who was born there) only died
last year. It is believed that the cottage, which once stood where the rocking horse

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is now located was home to a refused	]
is now located, was home to a refugee	
family during the First World War.	
The 6 almshouses on Hog Lane now	
provide a sitting room, downstairs	
bathroom, kitchen, 2 upstairs bedrooms,	
and a small garden. The almshouses at	
12/14/16 High Street have 2 downstairs	
rooms, kitchen, 2 upstairs bedrooms,	
upstairs bathroom, and garden/outhouse.	
24 High Street is a one- bedroomed	
cottage with stairs to the bedroom and	
bathroom and a small garden. The	
properties at 14-24 North End offer 1	
downstairs room, kitchen, 2 upstairs	
bedrooms, upstairs bathroom, and	
garden/outhouse. These almshouses are	
limited in size, and each has stepped	
access, narrow doorways, and limited	
natural daylight. They are on two floors	
with no lift and provide no access to	
wheelchair users. The cottages on Hog	
Lane have listed building status; all of the	
almshouses are situated in a Conservation	
Area. They are therefore not suitable for	

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	further adaptation to meet the needs of residents as they age and develop impaired mobility. Occupancy of the almshouses is not age- related. The criteria for occupancy are: • Strong Hallaton connection. • Preference to those having spent childhood in Hallaton and attended Hallaton School. • Preference to those who are active in the village community. • No distinction on age. • Income – cottages going to the least well off. • Current occupants cannot normally be accepted for another cottage. • Trustees to use their discretion to judge applications on individual circumstances and adapt the guidelines as required. • Almshouses are usually appointed to a sole beneficiary. In the case of a joint appointment both occupiers have to be eligible beneficiaries in their own right.	
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			ma wh for the an wi	esidents in the almshouses pay a weekly aintenance contribution (WMC) to HIST hich HDC has accepted is fully eligible or Housing Benefit. The WMC is below be equivalent Fair Rent and increased nnually by minimum 1% in accordance ith guidance from the Almshouse ssociation.		
14. – 27.	Housing and the Built Environmen t/ Limits to Developme nt	Policy no 7	Ho Er (P Th the	he first comments pertain to Policy 7 – ousing and the Built nvironment/Limits to Development bages 14 to 27 of the draft Plan). he Trustees object to the re-drawing of he LTD boundary tight to the charity	We believe this is a reference to Policy HBE2 Your concerns are noted,	None
			un fin de fla a) wi frc	ottages on Hog Lane which is nnecessarily restrictive and which they nd unacceptable. They believe that the ecision to change the LTD boundary is awed because: )There has been minimal consultation ith the landowner (HIST). Initial advice om Derek Doran of Your Locale to one of ur Trustees, Mark Frith, acting in his role	however the Limits to Development line follows a methodology that has been consistently applied. Consultation has been appropriate and proportionate. The revised limits to development were	None

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<ul> <li>as HTG member, was 'to thrash out' the final position of the LTD boundary line with the NPAC by attending meetings. However, Mark was never permitted to go to those meetings; these were always classified as confidential, and no member of the public was allowed to attend (despite the Neighbourhood Plan allegedly representing the local community in an open and transparent manner). Despite Mark suggesting that the footpath be used as the boundary, this was ignored by the HTG/NPAC.</li> <li>b)The NPAC were well aware that HIST</li> </ul>	the NP being put forward for pre-submission consultation and the draft NP has been available on the Parish Council website for several months. Those affected have had the opportunity to comment through this	
intended to extend the charity cottages in	The Limits to Development	None

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	removing the option for generations to come of providing further almshouse accommodation on the Hog Lane site, perfectly located for an ageing population or young families centred in the heart of the village close to all amenities (as opposed to the Reserve Site at Cow Close which would isolate residents on the outskirts of the village). The extension of the charity cottages on Hog Lane would have complied perfectly with the Harborough Local Plan which expects development in Selected Rural Villages to be 'primarily in the form of small-scale infill developments or limited extensions to help address economic, social or community objectives. This could include schemes to enable more social housing, small-scale market housing and development aimed at meeting the needs of local people.' Almshouses lead the way in the sustainable provision of low cost homes and community involvement which meet the central tenets of the National Planning Framework, yet the authors of the draft	of ces and clusion nce- de range
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		[
Neighbourhood Plan have decided to		
eliminate the possibility of any future		
development and implicitly to act against		
the best interests of HIST and its		
beneficiaries (who in the end are villagers		
in need).		
<ul> <li>d) Alistair Brook and Mark Frith did</li> </ul>		
request that the LTD go around the HIST	The land in question is	None
assessed site on Hog Lane, but this	identified as being special	
request was declined. It was left to Tom	by villagers and is proposed	
Brucciani to plot the LTD boundary. Yet	for designation as Local	
the methodology used to determine the	Green Space.	
LTD does not seem to explain why the	·	
Hog Lane HIST assessed site was	It is always difficult to	None
targeted. Pages 18 and 19 describe the	balance the need for	
LTD as being essential for the protection	additional housing with the	
of open countryside, and any land outside	protection of important open	
the defined LTD will be treated as open	spaces, but the NP has	
countryside. Hog Lane is in the middle of	achieved this.	
the village and there is no way that the		
Allotments Gardens, Parish Store, and		
Play Area could be deemed as open		
countryside. The current LTD as contained		
in the Harborough Local Plan already	There are no limits to	None
includes the whole of the Allotment	development in the Local	

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31 – The Natural 37 The Natural and Historic Environmen t/Local Green Spaces & Important Open Spaces	r no	Gardens. Quite clearly, the position of the Allotment Gardens is not going to lead to wholesale development for access reasons, and the area is already protected. It is therefore totally disproportionate and excessive to effectively exclude development within the retained land of HIST. e) Derek Doran initially said that in his opinion the LTD should include the Hog Lane site; this was later retracted. f) In consultation with Harborough District Council, the planning department favoured the Hog Lane site over the North End site. The Hog Lane site is their preferred site.	Plan. Limits to Development featured in the previous Core Strategy dated 2011 and the land in question was designated as 'Important Open Land'. Not all land within Limits to Development is suitable for development. There were many discussions leading to the final Limits to Development and information from a wide range of sources was taken into account. However, the Hog Lane application was formally withdrawn through lack of support from Harborough planning officers. The Neighbourhood Plan site selection process concerned itself with locally	None
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The second comments pertain to Policy 8 – The Natural and Historic Environment/Local Green Spaces & Important Open Spaces (pages 31 to 37 of the draft Plan)	important issues rather than district-wide matters.	
The Trustees object to the designation of the play area at Hog Lane as Open Green Space (Figure 6 Inventory 131/132 – part) and Important Open Space (Figure 8 Inventory 187 marked L on the map) for the following reasons:	Noted.	None
a)The designation of Important Open Space for the Play Area at Hog Lane was not carried forward to the Harborough Local Plan 2011-2031 adopted in April 2019.	Noted. The NP is able to make this designation as Local Green Space through powers contained in the NPPF. It is for the local community to determine what is special locally.	None
<ul> <li>b) The Hog Lane Play Area is only one small part of the allotment field (over 2</li> </ul>	In total, the community	None

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acres). The allotment field in itself provides plenty of green space which will lend itself to a larger play area with more equipment for young children. c) In accordance with the Green Spaces in Leicester & Leicestershire guidance: 'As with any other site specific allocations in Plans, the owners of sites should be involved from an early stage to ensure the owner's support for the designation. This is to make sure that the designation is viable.' There has been no courtesy approach to HIST, let alone a consultationconsiders the whole area to be special and worthy of designation as LGS.NoneNopportNone
<ul> <li>with HIST, about the designation of the area as Open Green Space. This is contrary to government guidance on forming a Neighbourhood Plan which states that the wider community: <ul> <li><i>is kept fully informed of what is being proposed</i></li> <li><i>is able to make their views known throughout the process</i></li> <li><i>has opportunities to be actively involved in shaping the emerging neighbourhood plan or Order</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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6.		<ul> <li><i>is made aware of how their views have informed the draft neighbourhood plan or Order.</i></li> <li>d) This is another attempt to ensure that HIST is unable to develop the land for the benefit of villagers in need, whether now or in the future. This may not necessarily be additional almshouses; improvements could include parking to ease the pressure of cars parked on Hog Lane which in turn would enhance the street scene. By ensuring that the Play Area (which was at one time the site of several cottages) is Open Green Space, this option is removed from HIST and hence its beneficiaries.</li> <li>e) The Trustees also consider that the</li> </ul>	There is no sub-plot – the most suitable sites for residential development were determined through a comprehensive and independently led site selection process and the Local Green Spaces were identified through a detailed environmental inventory. At the open event in November 20918 where the draft policies were on display, 74 out of 78 respondents voted in favour of the designations.	None
		Play Area is a 'most important place in Hallaton's natural, historical and social	Its current use as a play area is valued by the	
		environment' (P32) and would like the	community and the NP	
		option to use it as such in the future and	proposes that it continues to	

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				as was originally intended – for the benefit of the village, in particular for those in need. Originally, the Play Area was the site of several cottages and outside toilets so its historical setting could be reinstated. <b>Additional Comments:</b> • P6 says 'As the Plain English Guide to the Localism Act 2011 states, "Instead of local people being told what to do, the Government thinks that local communities should have genuine opportunities to influence the future of the places where they live".' The Trustees would also like to quote from The National Association of Almshouses that 'almshouses are, first and foremost, homes for local people in their local area run by locals'. Thank you for considering the Trustees' comments	provide much needed play activity.	None
15.	Limits to Developme nt and	Policy no HBE 2	Mr Stephen Bradwell,	1.0 INTRODUCTION 1.1 This representation is made by Stephen Bradwell MA MRTPI IHBC of	Noted	None

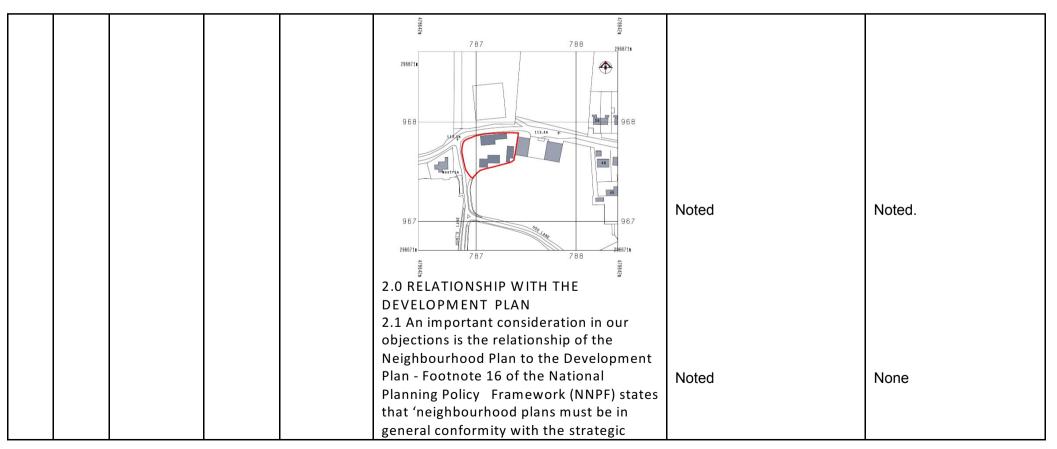
#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Housin Alloca		Trigpoint Conservati on and Planning Limited	Trigpoint Planning & Conservation Ltd on behalf of Mr & Mrs M Measom who own the land at the junction of North End and Hunts Lane (see Figure 1 site location plan below and illustrative photographs at Appendix 1). 1.2 We are writing to raise OBJECTIONS to the provisions of the proposed Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan in respect of: the proposed limits to development (Policy HBE2), and the failure of the Neighbourhood Plan to allocate this site for a small-scale housing development (Policy HBE3).	Noted	None
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**Appendix F: Hallaton Consultation Statement** 

### Pre-submission Consultation Responses September – October 2019

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	<ul> <li>policies contained in any development plan that covers their area'.</li> <li>2.2 In this case the Development Plan for the area consists of the Harborough Local Plan 2011 – 2031 (adopted April 2019), and paragraph 1.6.7 of the supporting text re- iterates the point that with the exception of the policies outlined in paragraph 1.6.6, neighbourhood plans should be in general conformity with all policies of this Local Plan (my emphasis).</li> <li>2.3 Furthermore, paragraph 1.6.4 recognises that neighbourhood plans have an important role in bringing forward local housing sites as described in Policies SS1 The Spatial Strategy and Policy H1 Provision of New Housing. Policy SS1</li> </ul>	Noted	None
	an important role in bringing forward local housing sites as described in Policies SS1		

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does not disproportionately exceed the settlement's minimum housing requirement in Policy H1; is of a scale which reflects the size of the settlement concerned and the level of service provision within that settlement; is physically and visually connected to and respects the form and character of the existing settlement and landscape; comprises of the development of previously developed land of low environmental value, and enhances its	ough.
<ul> <li>environmental value, and enhances its immediate setting.</li> <li>2.5 The Development Plan is therefore very clear in its policy objectives that: limits to development have been replaced by a criteria-based policy approach consistent with the NPPF, and development on the edge of an existing settlement is acceptable within the terms of the policy.</li> <li>2.6 Therefore, to be in general conformity</li> </ul>	e

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

with the Development Plan it is expected that the Neighbourhood Plan will reflect these policy objectives. 3.0 OBJECTION TO NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN POLICY HBE2: LIMITS TO DEVELOPMENT	Noted	None
<ul> <li>3.1 Our clients wish to raise two objections to Policy HBE2:</li> <li>(i) that the designation of limits to development (LTD) does not conform to the provisions of the Development Plan; and</li> <li>(ii) that if is appropriate to designate LTD, then the site off North End should be included within those limits based on the methodology set out in the Neighbourhood Plan.</li> <li>The designation of limits to development 3.2 According to its supporting text Policy HBE2 seeks to 'to designate an LTD for the village which will update and supersede</li> </ul>	Agreed. The text will be reworded to say ' which supercedes the Limits to Development in the previous Core Strategy'.	Change to be made as indicated

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the existing settlement boundary currently used by HDC', although the supporting text also recognises that 'Harborough Local Plan removes the LTD in favour of criteria- based policies'.	Noted. This has been addressed above.	None
It is our view therefore that the introduction of LTD around Hallaton is not in accordance with the Development Plan, as these have been removed from the Local Plan, as the NP accepts. Consequently, the Neighbourhood Plan is out of step with the Development Plan and it is in effect proposing to introduce a more restrictive approach to new housing development than that expressed in the Development Plan, which seeks to promote appropriate new housing development in sustainable locations. It is also the case that the application of Policy HBE2 could give rise to conflicts with Local Plan Policy GD2, whereby a proposed development could fall outside	The provisions within NP policy HBE 2 will take precedence over Local Plan policy GD2 as it will be the most recently approved part of the development plan.	None

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

of the LTD contrary to Policy HBE2, but fully accord with the provisions of Policy GD2 which supports new build development within and on the edge of settlements. Therefore, in view of these potential policy conflicts, the Neighbourhood Plan cannot be said to be in general conformity with the Development Plan and therefore Policy HBE2, and the introduction of LTD, should be deleted from the Neighbourhood Plan.	Noted – but this is an incorrect interpretation of planning law as it relates to NPs and has been demonstrated in numerous NPs which have included Limits to Development in local planning authority areas with no Limits to Development policy.	None
Inclusion of the North End Site Within the LTD If the designation of LTD is found to be appropriate and in accordance with the Local Plan, then the applicant objects to the exclusion of this site from the proposed LTD, Neighbourhood Planning Methodology and	Noted. It seems to be accepted that the site does	None

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Responsea) The development sites with an extant planning permission for residential development on the fringes of the settlement have been incorporated within the boundary of the LTD;Response: This site lies on the edge of the built-up settlement and whilst it does not have an extant permission for residential development per se, it does have an extant planning permission for holiday lodges (see application ref. 17/00827/FUL). The local planning authority has therefore accepted that this site is suitable for development without harming the character of the area, and this should be	not have an extant permission for residential development and therefore is outside of the methodology.	
b)Defined physical features such as walls, fences, hedgerows, woodland, gardens, streams, brooks, formal leisure uses, roads and significant changes in levels have been used as the defined boundaries;	This is a matter of interpretation. The dwellings in question are not	None

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Response: The site is a relatively flat site with well- defined boundaries, with frontages to two roads. Therefore, rather than cutting around this site, the LTD should continue from the adjoining site along the rear of this site to Hunts Lane, which would then form a strong physical boundary between the built-up settlement and the more open countryside to the west of the village; (c) Non-residential land, which is countryside, agricultural, paddock, meadow, woodland and/or another green-field use has been excluded; Response:	residential dwellings and so it is deemed appropriate for them to be outside of the Limits to Development. Agreed – but It is not essential for EVERY criterion to be applied.	None
<ul> <li>Whilst this the site is not residential land per se, neither can it be regarded as countryside, agricultural or a green-field site, particularly as it is occupied by a number of redundant buildings and has a planning permission for holiday lodges.</li> <li>(d) Isolated development which is physically or visually detached from the settlement has</li> </ul>	Agreed – but It is not essential for EVERY criterion to be applied.	None

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

been excluded: <b>Response:</b> This site is not physically or visually detached from the settlement, particularly as a new housing development is to be built immediately to the east and north (on the opposite side of the road) to this site (see application ref. 18/01266/FUL). It is therefore well contained within the built up envelope of the village; (e) Sections of large curtilages of buildings which relate more to the character of the countryside than the built form has been excluded; (f) The curtilages of buildings which closely relate to the character of the built form and have enclosing features have been included; <b>Response:</b>	Agreed – but It is not essential for EVERY criterion to be applied.	None
	The issues have been addressed above, where appropriate.	None

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

reflects these criteria, they would be drawn along North End to include this site and		
consequently we object to the exclusion of this site from the LTD.	Noted	None
<b>Objection to Neighbourhood Plan Policy</b> <b>HBE2 - Summary</b> 3.8 For the reasons set out above our clients		
wish to object to Policy HBE2 on the following grounds: (i) that the designation of LTD in the		
Neighbourhood Plan does not conform with the provisions of the Development Plan; and (ii) that if is appropriate to designate LTD, then this site off North End should be included		
this site off North End should be included within those limits based on the methodology set out in the Neighbourhood Plan.	Noted.	None
<ul> <li>4.0 OBJECTION TO NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN</li> <li>POLICY HBE3: HOUSING ALLOCATIONS</li> <li>4.1 Our clients object to the exclusion of this site from the housing allocations set out in Policy HBE3 of the Neighbourhood Plan.</li> </ul>	The site selection process was thorough and independently led, following an approach which has been successfully applied in	None
Background	many NPs previously. It is	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	<ul> <li>4.2 The site is a small parcel of land that has road frontages to North End and Hunts Lane, and it is presently occupied by a range of redundant buildings and can therefore be considered as brownfield land (see Appendix 1: Illustrative Photographs). The site has also been given planning permission for the erection of three holiday lodges served by an access to North End (see application ref. 17/00827/FUL).</li> <li>4.3 The local planning authority has also given planning permission for a new housing development of 23 houses on the land fronting North End immediately to the east of this site and on the field directly opposite, on the north side of North End (see application ref. 18/01266/FUL). In approving this application, the local planning authority considered that as the proposed site adjoined the existing built up area it complied with Local Plan Policy GD2.</li> <li>4.4 Both sites are within the Hallaton Conservation Area, and the Conservation Officer did not object to either of these</li> </ul>	
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## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

## Pre-submission consultation responses September – October 2019

proposals.Allocation of Sites for Housing in the Neighbourhood Plan4.5 Having assessed a number of potential housing sites, Neighbourhood Plan Policy HBE3 has identified three sites for residential development plus a reserve site based on various criteria. The site at the junction of North End/Hunts Lane (Site Reference Hallaton 15) has not been included within the Neighbourhood Plan and it is our view that the methodology used to assess this site is now out of date and/or flawed, and that an up-to- date assessment of this site would significantly improve its RAG (red – amber – green) rating. 4.6 The published assessment for this site gave this site either a 'red' rating or an 'amber' within a number of criteria, it is our view that these should be reviewed:	on the assessments that were undertaken and to discuss the findings first-	None
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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

The site is in a Countryside setting and adjoins	reviewed.	
a large farm building on one side and a		
cottage on the other. The site is wholly		
outside of the current village envelope and it		
has a very rural, tranquil feel.		
Review of the Assessment		
As noted above the site has an extant		
permission for three holiday lodges and will		
adjoin housing to the east, forming an almost		
continuous built-up frontage to North End,		
and face onto housing on the north side of		
North End.		
The site is an established part of the built up		
village envelope, and can no longer be		
reasonably regarded as countryside or outside		
of the village envelope.		
Recommendation:		
Change 'Red' rating to 'Green'		
Criteria		
Good Quality Agricultural Land		
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment		
The whole site is classified as grade 3		
agricultural land by Natural England, this is		

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

agricultural land of a good to moderate
quality.
Review of the Assessment
This site is not in agricultural use and the
Neighbourhood Plan assessment actually
accepts that this is a brownfield site.
Recommendation:
Change 'Amber' rating to 'Green'
Criteria
Landscape & Visual Impact Assessment
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment
The view from the top of the field is good,
location feels rural in character and is of a
medium LVIA quality. The site is within the
High Leicestershire Landscape Character Area,
the most sensitive location in Harborough
District. The site is surrounded on two sides by
trees. Development would cause substantial
harm to the quality and the amenity of
adjoining residents and the Countryside
setting.
Review of the Assessment
For the reasons set out above the site and

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

surrounding area can no longer be considered
as rural in character, and a new housing
development on this site would not harm the
quality of the local landscape. There were also
no landscape objections to the neighbouring
development.
Furthermore, questions of residential amenity
should be left to a proper assessment of any
development proposals in light of the policies
in the Development Plan.
Recommendation:
Change 'Red' rating to 'Green'
Criteria
Important Trees, Woodlands & Hedgerows
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment
Several large, mature trees are dotted around
the boundaries and within the site itself,
hedgerows are in small sections and there is a
small copse of trees in the South Western corner of the site - all of these will need to be
fully protected. Development would harm or
require a substantial removal of mature trees

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

and/or hedgerow.	]
Review of the Assessment	
In granting planning permission for the	
proposed holiday lodges, there were no	
objections in respect of the impact of that	
development on any trees or hedgerows	
within the site. Therefore, these should not	
prove to be an impediment to any future	
development, but would need to be assessed	
in the context of future development	
proposals	
Recommendation:	
Change 'Red' rating to 'Amber'	
Criteria	
Relationship with existing pattern of built	
development	
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment	
A weak relationship with the current built	
form and creates an incursion in to the	
Countryside so would denigrate the rural	
character and feel of this Countryside	
entrance to the village. Would considerably	
harden and undermine the landscape integrity	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

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	of this side of the village. The site is adjacent
	to existing residential property, so additional
	planting could help to mitigate this loss of
	amenity.
	Review of the Assessment
	The previous rural character of this part of the
	village has now been fundamentally changed
	by the recent approvals of planning
	permission and can no longer be regarded as
	having a rural character.
	Furthermore, with the development of the
	adjoining housing site, this site will have a
	strong relationship with the built form of the
	village.
	Recommendation:
	Change 'Amber' rating to 'Green'
	Criteria
	Impact on the Conservation Area or its setting
	Neighbourhood Plan Assessment
	The site is wholly within the Hallaton
	Conservation Area and this area should be
	fully protected from new obtrusive, residential
	development.

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Review of the Assessment
The Neighbourhood Plan supports other
residential development within the
Conservation Area and therefore the location
of this site within the Conservation Area
should not be seen as an impediment to its
development, and as noted above the site has
already been given a consent for new holiday
lodges, suggesting that the development of
this site will not harm the character of
appearance of the Conservation Area.
Furthermore, the NPPF urges local planning
authorities to look for opportunities for new
development within Conservation Areas.
It is considered that the impact of any future
development should be left to a proper
assessment having regard to the statutory
framework and policies in the NPPF and
Development Plan.
Recommendation:
Change 'Red' rating to 'Green'
Criteria
Safe pedestrian access to and from the site

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Neighbourhood Plan Assessment
No current provision although a footpath is
found fairly nearby on North End, very
expensive to add additional footway although
this may well require additional owners
consent to ensure pedestrian connectivity
with the village centre.
Review of the Assessment
A requirement of the planning permission on
the neighbouring housing site is to extend the
footpath along North End to its junction with
Hunts Lane. This will provide a safe footway
connecting this site with the remainder of the
village.
Recommendation:
Change 'Red' rating to 'Green'
Criteria
Safe vehicular access to and from the site
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment
No adequate vehicular provision is possible
into the site. Vehicular access will be very
difficult due to the size of the current
highways provision and its sensitive location.

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Review of the Assessment	
	The site has an existing access to North End	
	capable of serving the three holiday lodges. It	
	therefore seems reasonable to assume that it	
	will be possible to provide an access capable	
	of serving a new housing development that	
	will meet the standards of the County	
	Highway Authority.	
	Recommendation:	
	Change 'Amber' rating to 'Green'	
	Criteria	
	Distance to designated village centre, Stenning	
	Hall.	
	Neighbourhood Plan Assessment	
	A walking distance of about 260m to the	
	village centre community facilities.	
	Review of Assessment	
	The walking distance to the village centre was	
	not an impediment in allowing the	
	development on the adjacent site, and would	
	not be an impediment to development on this	
	site.	
	Recommendation:	

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Change 'Amber' rating to 'Green'	
Criteria	
Gas, oil, pipelines and networks & electricity	
transmission network	
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment	
A telephone supply cable is found within the	
site and this will require resiting.	
Review of Assessment	
The costs of resiting a telephone supply cable	
is a matter for any future developer, but	
should not be seen as an impediment to	
development on this site.	
Recommendation:	
Change 'Amber' rating to 'Green'	
Criteria	
Any contamination issues	
Neighbourhood Plan Assessment	
A large adjacent site was previously used	
extensively as an uncontrolled landfill and this	
is recognised as a potential contamination	
zone in the HDC SHLAA, a professional	
contamination survey is essential and the cost	

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			defined site on the edge of the existing settlement with a direct frontage to an adopted highway. It is a highly sustainable site, within a short walk of the village centre, and its development will not harm any designated heritage assets. It is our contention that the revised RAG ratings amply demonstrates that this is an appropriate site for residential development and it should therefore be allocated for residential development in the Neighbourhood Plan, particularly as the development of this site for up to 3 dwellings would not disproportionately exceed the settlement's minimum housing requirement having regard to the provisions of Policy GD2 of the Development Plan.		
16.	Affordable housing	Resident	Congratulations to the Neighbourhood Team for an easy to understand and informative Plan. The layout and clarity of descriptions is outstanding.	Thank you for reading the NP and for making comment. It is an interesting idea; however we feel that	None

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

affordable housing for families.converting small dwellings to larger ones goes against the need for smaller units and will reduce the overall number of homes suitable for small families. There are a large number of bigger houses in Hallaton for people to move into as their circumstances change.
This will require: -the ground area, (Extending the foundation base could provide a temporary patio); -fenestration that satisfies regulations; -the aligning of utilities and drainage; -roof design that can easily be extended. The small additional costs of extra land and, perhaps, design requirements will be offset by: -the avoidance of home moving costs when more space is required; -insulation from house price increases that

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		a second house purchase will carry; -the advantages of remaining many years in the same community. Thank you for your very hard work,		
17.	Angela Smedley MRTPI Fisher German	1.1 These representations have been prepared on behalf Mrs S Brankin-Frisby and Mrs P Hastings in respect of their land interests at East Norton Road, Hallaton.	Noted	None
	LLP	1.2 The Hallaton Draft Neighbourhood Plan has been in preparation for a number of years now, with the Neighbourhood Plan Group having already undertaken a consultation on a pre-submission, Regulation 14 consultation almost a year	This is incorrect. This is the first consultation at Regulation 14.	None
		ago. At this point in time the Plan sought to allocate a single site of over 30 dwellings. Since then however, there have been a number of changes, with the site originally selected as the sole allocation no longer allocated and three smaller sites selected. The former allocation now serves as a reserve site.	This is correct. The need for such a large site was overtaken by a planning approval for 23 dwellings in the Parish which reduced the housing target significantly.	None
		1.3 Planning regulations stipulate that any	Noted	None

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	<ul> <li>Neighbourhood Plan must be in general conformity with the Development Plan for the area. In Harborough this consists of the recently adopted Harborough Local Plan (2019). The Local Plan designates Hallaton as a Selected Rural Village and with Policy H1 outlining that Hallaton will deliver a minimum of 30 new dwellings, during the Plan period.</li> <li>1.4 Whilst it is understood that the residulal requirement for the settlement is now lower, having regard for extant planning permissions, the Neighbourhood Plan has sought to take a proactive and pragmatic approach to development, allocating numbers in excess of the minimum required. This is an approach which is consistant with national policy on the supply of housing and also serves to safegaurd the Neighbourhood Plan in the longer term, particulary having regard for matters such as the future use of the standardised methodology for establishing Local Housing Needs and also the unmet</li> </ul>	Noted.	None
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## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	<ul> <li>need emanating from Leicester City, both of which may increase housing need to Harborough District in the future. Such increases could also increase the housing need in Hallaton.</li> <li>1.5 The Neighbourhood Plan also seeks to allocate a reserve site, again to safeguard the plan in the longer term. Whilst we agree with this strategy, we do not believe the reserve site selected is the most appropriate and instead argue that the land at East Norton should be allocated as a reserve site.</li> <li>02 General Comments</li> </ul>	Noted.	None
	<b>Policy HBE 2: Limits to Development</b> 2.1 The proposed Limits to Development is not consistent with its own methodology in that it bisects residential gardens at a number of points. This is particularly the case at Hazel Grove, where two gardens are clearly not followed.	It is an acknowledged principle, and one that is reflected in the methodology, that some large gardens relate more to the countryside than to the built-up area.	None

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	<ul> <li>2.2. Methodology for designating the Limits to Development on page 19 (Part B) states that defined physical features such as gardens have been used to defined boundaries. Part E states that large curtilages of buildings which relate more to the character of the countryside than the built form have been excluded.</li> <li>Figure 2: Proposed Limits to Development</li> <li>2.3 As can be seen from the above, the land to the north of the proposed Limits to Development are used and maintained as residential gardens. Whilst they are large gardens, to count as outside the proposed Limits to Development they would need to relate more to the character of the countryside. Clearly the gardens are maintained and used as residential gardens, as demonstrated by the various residential paraphernalia as can be seen above. If one was to be standing at any part in these gardens the overriding sense would be that of a residential garden and not the open countryside. It cannot</li> </ul>
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## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	<ul> <li>therefore be said that these gardens will relate better to the countryside then the residential dwellings they belong too. Having regard for the methodology these areas should therefore be designated as within the proposed Limits to Development.</li> <li>Housing Provision &amp; Residential Allocations</li> <li>2.4 The Neighbourhood Plan takes a positive and pragmatic approach to the delivery of housing and the benefits new housing may bring. It allocates in excess of the number of dwellings technically required and also provides a reserve site for longer term flexibility and safeguarding. The consultation document proposes to allocate 3 sites, 2 of 4 dwellings and a single site of 2 dwellings. It also allocates a reserve site. We comment more about these allocations in section 3.</li> <li>Ridge and Furrow</li> </ul>	Noted	None
	2.5 It is not clear within the consultation	It is a combination of the	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

documents as to the methodology used in scoring the various ridge and furrow fields on page 44 or who has completed the assessment. It is not clear for example whether these are results extrapolated from Turning the Plough 2 or whether it is work completed by the Group. This should be clarified in any future consultations.	two local knowledge and visual records updating the turning the plough records. The neighbourhood plan states (p41) that turning the plough information was updated with a survey, the results of which are contained in the environmental inventory.	
2.6 We do not agree with assessment of our client's land (122) as very good preservation, where comparable land at 111 (reserve site) is only scored as good preservation. There is very limited difference between the two and as such we cannot justify the differing scoring applied.	The assessments arose from a series of surveys the results of which have been confirmed as appropriately and consistently applied. The land to which you refer is considered to be more prominent than at Cow Close and has been recorded as such.	
<b>CFA3: New School</b> 2.7 The ambitions of the community to	Noted	None

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	<ul> <li>deliver a new modern school to replace the constrained existing school are supported. Clearly there are a number of issues with the existing school, causing issues for staff, students, parents and local residents. A new school on a better located site will have considerable benefits for the community as a whole. This is discussed in more detail in Section 4.</li> <li><b>03 Land at East Norton Road, Hallaton</b> 3.1 We consider the land at East Norton Road represents a logical and sustainable location for housing growth. Having reviewed the Neighbourhood Plan's evidence base on site selection we consider there to be a number of flaws which has led to the conclusion that land at Cow Close was the most suitable site for selection as a reserve site. Similarly, flaws have incorrectly reduced the scoring of our client's site. We have covered each topic in which we consider there is an error in turn below, following the order they appear on the assessment proformas for</li> </ul>	Noted. The assessment process was comprehensive and resulted in an outcome which is reflected in the NP. All landowners were given the opportunity to comment on the assessments that were undertaken and to discuss the findings first-	None
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## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	<ul> <li>ease of reference. For clarity and brevity, we will refer to the sites by the reference assigned to them on the assessments, therefore the current proposed reserve site at Cow Close is named H7, whilst the land at East Norton Road, as delineated at Figure 1, is H17. A completed proforma is included at Appendix 1. Where we have not commented on a criteria, we have no comments to the scoring used at this stage.</li> <li>Site area and capacity <ul> <li>3.2 Site H7 is incorrectly scored as a red, it should be an amber as for circa 11 units.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Adjoining Uses <ul> <li>3.3 Inconsistency of scoring between the sites. H7 is within the open countryside and surrounded by arable fields on three sides. Furthermore, the development of which would clearly extend the village envelope to the east, meaning it should be scored as red.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	It is not appropriate to reopen the process at this stage but there will be opportunities for reconsideration of all sites as and when the NP is reviewed.	
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## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

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	3.4 H17, which was scored as a red,	
	benefits from a close relationship with the	
	edge of the existing village. To the south	
	the site adjoins two residential	
	properties/gardens as well as a small	
	contained paddock. The western boundary	
	is adjacent to East Norton Road.	
	According to the methodology used, we	
	consider both sites should be scored as a	
	red. There is no reason as to why H7	
	should score better than H17.	
	Topography	
	3.5 Whilst there is a slight slope at H17,	
	this is not considered to be particularly	
	difficult to deal with and developers are	
	fully able to deliver schemes on such	
	slopes with limited mitigation. As such we	
	consider H17 should be scored a green.	
	We certainly do not believe that H17 which	
	•	
	We certainly do not believe that H17 which is only a slight slope should be scored as equal to H7. H7 is on a steep slope which will require significant mitigation, which may have potential issues for the site's viability. H7 therefore should remain as an	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

amber.Ridge and Furrow3.6 As discussed at paragraphs 2.5 and2.6, we do not believe there to be asignificant difference between the ridgeand furrow present on H7 and H17. It isnot clear what methodology has beenemployed by the group in coming to thisconclusion and what evidence supportsthis scoring. Clearly both sites show signsof historic farming methods, the remnantsof which are relatively common within thelocality and the region. There is no greatersignificance to ridge and furrow on H17 towarrant a red score when compared tothat present on H7. Both sites shouldtherefore be scored as amber.	
Landscape and Visual Impact 3.7 Both sites are in a prominent position. H7 is on top of a steep slope which will have an overbearing, urbanising impact on the approach to the village on Horninghold Road. Currently views approaching the	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

village along this road have very little visibility to the built form of the village. The delivery of a housing site at H7, in front of a mature tree line therefore will have a significant urbanising impact on this approach, as can be seen at Figure 3 below. 3.8 When approaching the village along East Norton Road H17 is experienced in the context of views of the existing properties on the edge of the northern edge of village, which are somewhat more visible than on the approach to Hallaton on Horninghold Road (Figure 4) 3.9 Furthermore, the nearby Recreation Ground and Pavilion (Figure 5) provide a further urbanising influence to the site and to the village when approaching from the north. As such, it is considered that the site has an 'edge of settlement' rural' character.	
3.10 Whilst the site is within the High	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Leicestershire Landscape Character Area and views to surrounding countryside are predominantly experienced from East Norton Road, a sensitively designed and landscaped development in this location would ensure that important views are retained and the appearance of development in the landscape is softened. 3.11 Moreover, as the Harborough District Landscape Character Assessment states, small scale development (such as the 20 dwelling scheme proposed) is able to come forward in the Landscape Character Area without any adverse impact on the landscape. 3.12 Having regard for the above factors we do not believe there is justification to score H17 as performing worse than H7. We consider a fair assessment would be	
to score both sites as an amber. Relationship with existing pattern of built development	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

3.13 The methodology outlines that for a
site to score green, it must be visible from
a small number of properties. Clearly both
H7 and H17 are not widely visible from
many properties at all, meaning it could be
argued that both should score as green.
However, only H7 is scored as a green.
The methodology continues that to score
as an amber, sites need to be "visible from
a range of sources
mitigated through landscaping or planting".
To score a red, sites must be of
"prominent visibility" and "difficult to
improve [mitigate]". We do not agree that
site H17 can score any worse than H7.
Whilst East Norton Road is more open
than Horninghold Road, both sites would
be equally prominent on the approach to
the settlement (see Figures 3+4). Beyond
East Norton Road, H17 is not widely
visible at all. It is unclear therefore why
H17 has been deemed to score a Red.
Furthermore, from the few viewpoints H17
can be seen from, landscaping and
planting can be used to mitigate such

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

views. Having regard for the Groups own	
criteria, we would argue that both sites	
must therefore score either green or	
amber. We consider amber to be a fair	
assessment for both sites.	
Safe pedestrian access to and from the	
site	
3.14 Perhaps the most concerning	
example of the inconsistency and incorrect	
scoring used by the Group to inform the	
emerging Plan is the scoring attributed to	
safe pedestrian access to and from the	
site. The criteria for a green score is that	
there must be an access to an existing	
path. Clearly H17 benefits from access to	
an existing path on the correct side of East	
Norton Road. Accordingly, there is no	
justification for the Groups scoring of an	
amber against this criterion. H17 should	
score a green. It could be argued that the	
topography of H7 would mean it could	
impede safe access, particularly for the	
disabled or those with limited mobility, but	
against the methodology as written both	

## Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

sites should be scored as green.	
Safe vehicular access to and from the site 3.15 Safe highways access can be provided easily from H17. The highways concerns cited in the SHLAA regarding the sites on the north-west of the village stem from the single track nature of Goady Road, Hunts Lane, Tugwell Lane, Churchgate and North End which were identified as not being suitable to cater for additional traffic. However, because H17 is not accessed via a single track lane, instead by East Norton Road, there would not be such constraints from a highways perspective. Clearly East Norton Road is a suitable road to access a new development, it is of an acceptable width and is fairly straight, affording good visibility splays. The site should therefore score a green. H17 was not assessed by the latest SHLAA (2015), therefore it is incorrect to utilise the SHLAA to assess H17.	

Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Impact on existing vehicular traffic 3.16 The methodology paper outlines that to score a green, sites' impact on the village centre should be minimal. Site H17 is to the north of the village on East Norton Road. To access the A47 from H17, one need only turn right from the site onto East Norton Road and through Moor Hill. This will facilitate journeys to Leicester, which is	
the most likely destination for work and leisure trips, without needing to go into the centre of Hallaton. Similarly, for destinations such as Uppingham, which is also likely a generator of trips from Hallaton. Any vehicular trips into, or through Hallaton are likely to be infrequent. Considering this, we believe the site should score a green. <b>Gas, oil, pipelines, networks and</b>	
electricity transmission network 3.17 The methodology outlines that the site should be scored as a green if the site is unaffected by the presence of utilities	

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infrastructure. Whilst there is a telegraph cable on the edge of the site, we are content that a scheme can be brought forward without needing to interfere with this infrastructure. As such the site should score a green, as the site is unaffected. <b>Site Character</b> 3.18 Whilst not strictly a criterion on the Groups proforma, we consider that site H17 has incorrectly been considered as being a rural site without due consideration to its actual relationship with the village. In particular with regard to how the site would be predominantly experienced, from East Norton Road. The Neighbourhood Plan Group have repeatedly sought to establish the site as isolated from the village, both
the site as isolated from the village, both though its proforma assessments and also through the drawing of the limits to
development. Notwithstanding this however, when one considers the site and
its relationship with the entrance to Hallaton from East Norton Road, we consider the site is clearly settlement edge

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in character. 3.19 Views into the village are well established from East Norton Road (particularly compared to H7) and any development on the site would be seen in this context. Furthermore, the maintenance of the green spaces and fencing to the north of Hallaton (around East Norton Road) clearly relate and 3.19 Views into the village are well established from East Norton Road (particularly compared to H7) and any development on the site would be seen in this context. Furthermore, the maintenance of the green spaces and fencing to the north of Hallaton (around East Norton Road) clearly relate and bare the character of a village, rather than the open countryside. Figure 6 below, shows the view into the village from the current access from H17.
3.20 We consider that the settlement edge character of the site, combined with the

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urbanising features at the Hallaton Recreation Ground offer an opportunity to deliver a gateway scheme into the village. Such a site can be designed to improve the prominence of Hacluit's Pond, through removal of the metal fencing currently at H17's entrance (see Figure 6). We consider there are opportunities through sensitive residential development to improve the entrance into the village which would further weigh in favour of the site. <b>Outcome</b>	
3.21 Through our review of the site scoring of site H7, we concur the site should remain scored as a 7.	
3.22 Having reviewed the scoring undertaking for site H17, we consider that it has been scored very lowly without justification. H17 was only afforded a score of 2 by the groups scoring exercise. Through the above corrections, we consider that site H17 should score 11.	

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This could actually be increased further if, for example, a green was attributed to the criteria "relationship with existing pattern of built development", due to the limited numbers of properties from which the site is visible. Having regard for this score, the site is worthy of serious consideration as a reserve site ahead of H7.		
<b>04 New School Site</b> 4.1 As referenced earlier in these representations, we note and support the Neighbourhood Plan Groups ambitions to deliver a new modern, fit for purpose primary school to serve the village and the wider catchment. Clearly the current school has a number of issues, including the need to rent rooms in neighbouring properties to serve as classrooms, no on- site sports hall and difficult access for parents and staff on narrow historic streets. It would be within the best interests of everyone if a new school site could be found and a new school funded. We consider there is a potential	Noted.	None

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<ul> <li>opportunity to explore delivery of a new school site at land at East Norton Road, between the land promoted for residential development and the recreation ground. A new primary school at this location will benefit from a number of positives, particularly when compared to the school's current location.</li> <li>4.2 A new school site in this location could henefit from both cafe caeses from Fast</li> </ul>
benefit from both safe access from East Norton Road. It could also provide sufficient parking for staff and a drop off area for pupils to be dropped off at, particularly those coming from wider in the
catchment or out of catchment. The current school's location on Churchgate is highly constrained. Churchgate is a narrow road which has on-street parking to facilitate local residents. When
parents drop their children of at the school, this causes significant issues for parents trying to park and manoeuvre on the street, to such an extent as the school has now asked parents to park at the bottom of

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			<ul> <li>4.4 A new school would be built to modern standards of energy efficiency which may reduce running costs likely to be attributed to the current site. Furthermore, maintenance costs may be reduced through the delivery a new modern facility.</li> <li>4.5 If the Neighbourhood Plan Group would like to explore the potential of safeguarded land for a new school provided as part of a new housing scheme on East Norton Road, then we would be more than happy to meet the Group to discuss such options.</li> </ul>		
18	General comments	Lucy Bartley Consultant Town Planner, Wood E&I Solutions UK Ltd on	National Grid has appointed Wood to review and respond to development plan consultations on its behalf. We are instructed by our client to submit the following representation with regards to the above Neighbourhood Plan consultation.	Noted	None
		behalf of National	About National Grid National Grid Electricity Transmission plc	Noted	None

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Grid	<ul> <li>(NGET) owns and maintains the electricity transmission system in England and Wales and National Grid Electricity System Operator (NGESO) operates the electricity transmission network across the UK. The energy is then distributed to the eight electricity distribution network operators across England, Wales and Scotland.</li> <li>National Grid Gas plc (NGG) owns and operates the high-pressure gas transmission system across the UK. In the UK, gas leaves the transmission system and enters the UK's four gas distribution networks where pressure is reduced for public use.</li> </ul>	
	National Grid previously owned part of the gas distribution system known as 'National Grid Gas Distribution limited (NGGDL). Since May 2018, NGGDL is now a separate entity called 'Cadent Gas'. To help ensure the continued safe operation of existing sites and equipment and to facilitate future infrastructure	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

<ul> <li>investment, National Grid wishes to be involved in the preparation, alteration and review of plans and strategies which may affect National Grid's assets.</li> <li>Assets in your area National Grid has identified the following high-pressure gas transmission pipeline as falling within the Neighbourhood area boundary:</li></ul>	Noted	None
<ul> <li>FM04 - Tixover to Blaby</li> <li>From the consultation information provided, the above gas transmission pipeline does not interact with any of the proposed development sites.</li> <li>Gas Distribution – Low / Medium Pressure         Whilst there are no implications for National Grid Gas Distribution's Intermediate / High Pressure apparatus, there may however be Low Pressure (LP) / Medium Pressure (MP) Gas Distribution     </li> </ul>	Noted	None

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pipes present within proposed development sites. If further information is required in relation to the Gas Distribution network, please contact <u>plantprotection@cadentgas.com</u>		
Electricity distribution Information regarding the distribution network can be found at: www.energynetworks.org.uk	Noted	None
<ul> <li>Further Advice</li> <li>National Grid is happy to provide advice and guidance to the Council concerning our networks. If we can be of any assistance to you in providing informal comments in confidence during your policy development, please do not hesitate to contact us. In addition, the following publications are available from the National Grid website or by contacting us at the address overleaf:</li> <li>A sense of place – design guidelines for development near high voltage overhead lines: A sense of place design guidelines</li> </ul>	Noted	None

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	for development near high voltage overhead lines: https://www.nationalgridet.com/document/ 130626/download • Guidelines when working near NGG assets: https://www.nationalgridgas.com/land-and- assets/working-near-our-assets • Guidelines when working near NGETT assets: https://www.nationalgridet.com/network- and-assets/working-near-our-assets Appendices - National Grid Assets Please find attached in: • Appendix 1 provides a map of the National Grid network across the UK. Please remember to consult National Grid on any Neighbourhood Plan Documents or site-specific proposals that could affect our infrastructure. We would be grateful if you could add our details shown overleaf to your consultation database: Lucy Bartley Consultant Town Planner	Noted	None
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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

			n.grid@woodplc.com Wood E&I Solutions UK Ltd Spencer Jefferies Development Liaison Officer, National Grid <u>box.landandacquisitions@nationalgrid.co</u> <u>m</u> I hope the above information is useful. If you require any further information, please do not hesitate to contact me.		
19.	General Comments	Mr Matthew Bills Neighbour hood and Green Spaces Officer, HDC	Comments on Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan Pre-submission Version Congratulations to the PC and NDP group in getting the Plan to this stage. The following comments are made with the intention of helping to improve the structure of the Plan and in some cases to address clarity issues. It would be useful to try and tighten up on the structure of the document and for each policy to describe 1. the purpose of the policy 2. rationale and evidence that supports the	Noted Noted. This is a matter of style and one person's perspective. The style used in the NP follows a similar pattern to those that have	None

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	<ul> <li>policy</li> <li>3. The Policy itself</li> <li>4. Interpretation and application of the policy</li> <li>Much of this is information is already in the vision/objectives and other information included in the preamble to the policies, but can get lost in the text.</li> <li>The interpretation of the policy and how it is to be applied is not generally described, which may mean that planning officers apply a different interpretation to that intended by the QB. This will of course lead to frustration in the community once the Plan is 'made'. It is worth spending some time thinking about this now as simple changes can ensure interpretation is clarified for decision makers.</li> <li>e.g. for Broadband and Mobile Infrastructure policy</li> <li>Purpose</li> <li>The Parish wishes to be at the forefront of</li> </ul>	passed examination on more than 30 occasions	
	The Parish wishes to be at the forefront of any future enhancements to		

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

r		1
	communications technology.	
	This policy aims to support the	
	Neighbourhood Plan objectives to protect	
	existing employment uses; to support	
	small-scale business development and	
	expansion appropriate to a countryside	
	location; and to encourage tourism and	
	home working.	
	Rationale:	
	Hallaton is supported by at least two	
	broadband providers which allow	
	households and businesses to have	
	access to high speed connections. Results	
	from the survey indicated that access to an	
	effective broadband infrastructure is	
	essential to be able to take advantage of	
	the latest communication technology for	
	residents of the village, the school, other	
	community facilities, and also the wide	
	range of businesses that operate from	
	Hallaton.	
	Residents and businesses stressed the	
	need for significantly improved mobile	
	signals in the Parish. More people are	
	choosing to use mobile phones and tablets	
	should be thouse phones and tablets	

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

to make calls and to access the internet and social media, often instead of having a landline. It is crucial that improvements to the current infrastructure are enabled to support future housing, employment and services in the village, and to support current residents and businesses.	
Supporting information/evidence:Local survey resultsNPPF paragraph 112 states: Advanced,high quality and reliable communicationsinfrastructure is essential for economicgrowth and social well-being. Planningpolicies and decisions should support theexpansion of electronic communicationsnetworks, including next generation mobiletechnology (such as 5G) and full fibrebroadband connections. Policies shouldset out how high quality digitalinfrastructure, providing access to servicesfrom a range of providers, is expected tobe delivered and upgraded over time; andshould prioritise full fibre connections toexisting and new developments (as these	

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connections will, in almost all cases,	
provide the optimum solution)	
POLICY BE6: BROADBAND AND	
MOBILE INFRASTRUCTURE	
1. Proposals to provide access to	
superfast broadband for all businesses	
and households and improvements to the	
mobile telecommunication network that will	
serve all businesses and households	
within the Parish will be supported.	
2. Where new masts are installed, these	
should be shared, where possible, by	
more than one provider.	
3. Any infrastructure improvements	
requiring above ground network	
installations must be sympathetically	
located, designed to integrate into the	
landscape and not be in or near to open	
landscapes	
Internetation (Application	
Interpretation/Application	
As the village of Hallaton grows and	
develops, an efficient and effective	
communications infrastructure must be in	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		place to maximise connectivity for businesses, services and residents. Such provision will reduce social isolation, ensure that not only residents, employers and services are well supported, but visitors to the village can also access good communications. All future developments in communication technology are supported by the Neighbourhood Plan to ensure that all those in the Parish can take full advantage of these developments while protecting the character of Hallaton.		
18.	Limits to Developme nt	Page 18: Limits to Development Para 3: The Local Plan does not define Limits to Development therefore reference to updating and superseding 'the existing settlement boundary' is not accurate as there is no existing Limits to Development. Para 7: 'which are the relevant policies to be considered. the limits to development are very tightly drawn, particularly to the west of the village, where roads and buildings could	Agreed. Agreed	Change to be made as indicated. Change to be made as indicated.

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		allow the inclusion of the whole green area currently excluded. The Limits to Development dos not take account of the recently permitted development 18/01266/FUL for 23 dwellings. The Plan runs the risk therefore of being quickly out of date with respect to this policy.	This is already included	None
20.	Housing Privision	Page 20: Housing provision Para 2: Suggest simplifying in accordance with paras 5.1.6 and 5.1.7 of the Local Plan as follows: It was published in January 2017 and revealed an increase in housing need from earlier projections. Following its publication Leicester City confirmed that there would be unmet housing need arising from the City. A Memorandum of Understanding is currently being prepared by the 9 local authorities within the Housing Market Area which will set out how any unmet need will be accommodated.	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.

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	Policy HBE3	<ul> <li>(Delete the rest of the paragraph: and this has since increased further by local issues including the Leicester Housing Market Assessment (2017) which has identified Leicester City confirmed as being unable to accommodate its own housing need requirement based on the HEDNA figures. The LLEP have also signed a "memorandum of understanding" committing all the relevant local planning authorities to collectively delivering this housing need to 2031.)</li> <li>Policy HBE 3: Policy is relatively minimal and simply allocates sites with a suggested number of dwellings. Suggest there should be at least some site specific guidance relating to the development which is expected to come forward and to provide clarity for decision makers in the determination of planning applications on these sites.</li> </ul>	Noted. We are content to allow the broader NP policies to apply.	None
Reserve Site	Policy HBE 4	Policy HBE 4: Reserve site allocation Policy should set out the conditions that	Conditions a-d are already included in the policy.	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		would need to be met for this site would come forward (currently it is only in the explanatory text which is not part of the policy) Suggest deleting '(all agreed with the landowner and developer)' as irrelevant to policy and ownership/developer may change.	This is important in confirming that the conditions are deliverable. We will move this statement to the supporting narrative.	Change to be made as indicated.
24.	Housing Mix	d) should reference Policy HBE 1 (not HDE 1)	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
26.	Accessible Housing	Page 24: <b>Housing Mix</b> para. 5: Local Plan reference should be 5.9.5.	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
		Page 26: Accessible Housing para. 3: M2 should be M4(2) - Category 2: Accessible and adaptable dwellings. Policy HBE 7: M4(2) is accessible standard therefore suggest amend policy to: 'Housing development constructed to building regulations standard M4(2) (Category 2: Accessible and adaptable	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.

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Windfall Sites	Policy HBE 8	dwellings) and standard M4(3) (Category 3: Wheelchair user dwellings) will be supported.'		
	Policy ENV 2	Policy HBE 8: Windfall Sites b) reference to housing mix policy should be Policy HBE 5.	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
		Policy ENV 2: Protection of sites of environmental significance The policy refers to the sites 'listed' and mapped. They are not listed in the policy. Include the protected site within the policy for clarity. Ensure that the reference numbers are clear what site they refer to. Are the Local Wildlife Sites listed along with the sites of environmental significance? Why they are listed? Not all have an inventory number. It is important that this policy and policy maps are tidied up to ensure it is clear what is within and what is outside policy; additionally the site boundaries, and references must be clear to allow decision makers to take them into account.	Agreed. The policy will be changed to say 'The sites listed in the environmental inventory (appendix 7) and mapped (figures 7.1, 7.2)'	Change to be made as indicated.

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	Policy ENV 3	Policy ENV 3: Important Open Spaces Site L. Charity Cottages open space (inventory 187; facilities for children and young people/amenity greenspace) – is an HDC OSSR designated in the Local Plan. There is no benefit to including an additional designation of this site in the NDP.	Site L will be added. In other NPs the Examiner has required LPA sites to be included for completeness.	Addition of site L.
Built Enviro t	Policy nmen ENV 4	Policy ENV 4: Built environment Local Heritage Assets In general the list appears to be extensive and includes a wide range of assets both within the village and surrounding countryside.		
		It would however, be useful to have more of an indication as to what criteria were used when selecting these assets, for example, age, rarity or local character. The more information that can be provided on the chosen assets and the rationale behind selection, the more weight they can	There are detailed descriptions in the appendices.	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

carry in planning decisions.		
<ul> <li>A few comments on the heritage section of the Hallaton NP</li> <li>Reference is made to Appendix 10 which includes more detailed descriptions of the local list, but this is not available for</li> </ul>	Noted	None
comment. If this has not been prepared, I would advocate the inclusion of a photo of each of the assets along with a short description of their special interest for clarity. I'd be happy to look- over this once available.	This is provided in appendix 10	None
<ul> <li>I would support the production of a more detailed map, which shows the exact building outlines of all the identified assets similar to the map for listed buildings</li> <li>There is an inset within the map – but its not clear where this is</li> <li>I couldn't understand the non-sequential</li> </ul>	The map as provided is deemed to be proportionate. We will add a description of the location.	Change to be made as indicated.
numbering, is there a reason for this? • I noted certain assets, such as the pump on High Street and the mud wall to Hallaton Grange are listed in their own right, was this intentional?	It is as a result of reducing the assets to be designated into a short list.	None

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, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Policy ENV 5	The policy refers to Appendix 10 for details of the local heritage assets (26 numbered in policy ENV4) but only 5 are detailed in the appendix (only 2 pages long) Site 31 is shown on Figure 10 but is not listed in the policy 21 and 34 are listed in the policy but not shown on Figure 10. 5 appears in Appendix 10 but is not included in the policy list The above changes need to be made for accuracy of the policy and to ensure decision makers can take account of all relevant information. <b>Policy ENV5 Ridge and Furrow</b> There may be a conflict within the policy which states ' <i>Any loss or damage arising</i> <i>from a development proposal (or a change of land use requiring planning permission)</i> <i>is to be avoided</i> ' but then goes on to state 'the benefits of such development must be balanced against the significance of the	There is no conflict. The reference is to avoiding loss or damage arising from development, so this is consistent with the need to balance the benefit of the development against the	None
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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

45.		ridge and furrow features as heritage assets.' The policy conflict is apparent because it states that any loss or damage is to be avoided, but allows for a balance to be struck between the benefits of development and the significance of the ride and furrow. Suggest rewording as follows: Where possible loss or damage arising from a development proposal (or a change of land use requiring planning permission) is to be avoided; the benefits of such development must be balanced against the significance of the ridge and furrow features as heritage assets.	significance of the heritage asset.	
	Notable Trees	Page 45: Notable Trees 44 and 45 are on the map but not listed in appendix There are two 24s on the map 13, 42 and 29 are listed in the appendix	There is to be some tidying up to be done in readiness for the submission version of the NP.	Change to be made as indicated.
46.		but are not on the map		

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	Local Landscape		Page 46: Local Landscape Character Area		Ohan na ta ba mada aa
	Character Area		Closing bracket missing from last sentence of text	Changes to be made.	Change to be made as indicated.
50.	Biodiversity protection in the new developmen	Policy ENV 9	Policy ENV 9: Biodiversity protection in new development Suggest deleting 'in the Plan Area' from opening sentence as unnecessary	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
	t		Page 50 - Figure 15 title - opening bracket missing or closing bracket not required	Noted	Change to be made as indicated
		Policy ENV 10	<b>Policy ENV10</b> – remove reference to ' <i>The</i> <i>Community</i> ' as it is not the community who are the decision makers as far as applications are concerned. Planning decisions are made by the LPA.	Noted – however Ministerial Guidance of June 2015 states that 'wind energy development must have the support of local communities'. The policy confirms that this is needed.	None
	Electric Vehicles	Policy TR 2	<b>Policy TR2 Electric Vehicles</b> – needs an opening sentence to state what the criteria are referring to. E.g new development or all existing homes?	The policy refers to new development – it cannot influence existing provision.	Change to be made as indicated.

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Footpaths	Policy TR 3	it would be good to see more policy supporting walking and cycling, including tourist car provision and cycling provision. <b>Policy TR3 Footpaths</b> – not sure that criteria b and c are required in the policy.	Policy TR3 on footpaths, bridleways and cycleways addresses this issue. Noted – we will reword the policy.	None
Support for existing business & employment	Policy BE 1	Policy BE1 Support for existing business and employment – not sure 'strong presumption' is required. Just a presumption will do. Policy BE2: Support for new business	This is a matter of style. We will retain existing words.	None
Support for new business &	Policy BE 2	and employment Criterion a) unnecessary to say 'for	This is a matter of style. We will retain existing words.	None
employment		leisure or tourism activities, or other forms of commercial/employment related development appropriate to a countryside location adjacent to limits to development.'	This policy wording is deemed to be appropriate.	None

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		Is this the intention? Instead of 'appropriate to a countryside location' it would be better to use 'small scale leisure or tourism activities or other forms of commercial/employment related development which justify and are compatible with a countryside location'. Question whether 'or there are exceptional circumstances' is necessary as it introduces ambiguity		
		<b>Policy BE3 Home Working</b> – permitted development may render criteria c) redundant in some circumstances.	This is possible, in which case it will apply where appropriate.	None
Home	Policy	Policy BE5: Tourism		
Working	BE 3	Criterion d): refers to 'the size of settlement in which it is located' – would be better to say Hallaton or the village?	Agreed.	Change to be made as indicated.
Tourism	Policy	so sollor to bay Hanaton of the vinage.		
	BE 5	Appendices The Basic Conditions Statement and	They will be stand alone	None
		Consultation Statement should be standalone documents on the website and	documents on the website – referencing them as	
Appendices		not part of the appendices. This will mean	appendices is also	

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			the other appendices will need to be renumbered and the contents page amended.	appropriate.	
	Design Guide	Appendix 5	Appendix 5: Design Guide (To reflect NP contents page and how it is referenced in the NP): Its current title 'Hallaton Housing Design Policy' is a bit misleading and should be changed to guidance as it is a 'Design Guide' not policy as it is not in the main NP. Within the Design Guide it is referred to both as 'this policy' and 'this statement'. Need to be clear about its status. If it is policy it needs to be included in the NP and clearly marked as policy. There is useful Hallaton specific detail within the Guide which is not contained within the Design Policy itself. Design Policy One (All development proposals for more than one unit of residential property will require a design and access statement to be approved by the parish council before construction can start on site): This should be amended or	We will make the amends as proposed.	Change to be made as indicated.

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removed as it is not for the parish council to approve a design and access
statement. It is the Local Planning Authority which will consider such a
statement as part of determining the
planning application.
The Appendix (showing the different building designs in different parts of
Hallaton) is not referred to in the main
body of the Design Guide at present; therefore its value is reduced. It needs to
be tied into the main body of the Design
Guide.
General points on the Document:
There are a number of points within the
policies that are covered in the LP, these
should be omitted.
The main/key points from the Village
Design Guide should be stated within the
policies and any other point within the substantive text. VDG should be shelved
and superseded by the Plan.

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		Ma	The sites, designations and view etc. should be backed up by detailed evidence.		
General Points		Mr Matthew Bills. HDC, Developme nt Manager Comments	Comments from Development Management General points on the Document: • There are a number of points within the policies that are covered in the LP, these should be omitted.	Noted. Where the points add local detail or emphasise local concerns they will be retained	None
Design Standards	HBE 1		<ul> <li>The main/key points from the Village Design Guide should be stated within the policies and any other point within the substantive text. VDG should be shelved and superseded by the Plan.</li> <li>The sites, designations and view etc. should be backed up by detailed evidence.</li> </ul>		
			1-2 Repeat of Local Plan policy GDB	This provides context and is to be retained.	None

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	3. The statements are too generic, they should be more specific to the village i.e. with materials shall be course ironstone, brick and timber for outbuildings.	It is important that the statements provide guidance but are not too prescriptive.	None
	4. again general wording with no specific reference to the village. i.e. Contemporary and innovative drawing inspiration from the local character. Positive improvement is contrary to the Conservation Area Act which states that development affecting heritage asset should preserve and enhance.	It is possible for contemporary materials to be used where this does not harm heritage assets.	None
	6. Street lighting is approved under highway legislation, please remove.	Controlling street lighting is a commonly used NP policy	None
	7. Within LP policies, too many issues are raised in one section, separate out, the last sentence is OK;	It is considered that the criterion is suitable in identifying means of enhancing biodiversity.	None
	8. boundary treatment (wall, hedge and fence) covers everything, need to be more specific to village;	The criterion identifies acceptable boundary treatments which is	None

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			considered appropriate.	
		9. see Kibworth NP policy;	Noted. The policy is considered appropriate.	None
		10. BR issue please omit;	The criterion says 'should' and is an appropriate aspiration.	None
Limits to Developme nt	HBE 2	Suggest omitting 'new sport or recreation Facilities' as this is in GD3. If the Plan wants to encourage new sports or recreational facilities need a new policy and evidence why required	It supports the approach rather than allocating a site which is where the need for specific evidence would come in.	None
Housing allocations	HBE 3	This is where the NP has influence in the planning process, the policies should list exact criteria for how they would like the sites to be built out.	Noted. The allocations will have to conform with the policies in the NP	None
		Site 2: DM have concerns about the proposal for 4 dwellings. 2 dwellings were proposed under ref: 18/01999/FUL, and that was not permitted (please see details on the website). The principle of the	Noted. We will change the text to say 'around 2'.	None

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	<ul> <li>development is acceptable; however, due to the close proximity of the site to the listed building on High Street and impact upon residents' amenity to residents on High Street it is considered that only one dwelling on the site should be considered.</li> <li>[<i>Further comment from policy: if 4 dwellings are still preferred by the QB then bring forward further evidence to justify this approach</i>]</li> <li>Site 3; DM have concerns due to heritage impacts. The site creates a nice green gateway into and out of the village which in DM opinion contributes to the setting of the Conservation Area and adjacent listed buildings.</li> <li>Further evidence should be provided from the NP Group to show why the site will not harm the historic significance of the site and how a proposal for housing will not be detrimental to the heritage asset.</li> </ul>		Change to be made as indicated.
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		What evidence has been provided that these sites are acceptable? Evidence should back up the choice of site. The more information that can be provided on the rationale behind site selection, the more weight they can carry in planning decisions.		
		[Further comment from policy: if the site is allocated in the NDP, it becomes policy which DM should apply as part of the development plan. However, if an objection is received from a statutory consultee to a proposal, then an application on an allocated site may be refused]		
		Maybe the PC could consider the site that has permission for holiday lodges on the corner of Hunts lane/North End and also the site on Hog Lane (not the carpark/allotments part) with the current electricity station on it.		
Reserve	HBE 4	a) About 11 dwellings is not an efficient T	The site could be reduced	None

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site allocation		<ul> <li>use of land, this is not enough dwellings on a large site.</li> <li>[<i>Further comment from planning policy:</i> <i>consider reducing the size of the site to</i> <i>accommodate 11 dwellings</i>]</li> </ul>	but it was considered crucial to allow space within the site for appropriate landscaping.	
		b) the requirement under a) and b) means there is no provision for market bungalows.	Noted. The need is for affordable bungalows.	None
		c) Character areas for such as small site? Need to be more specific about what you mean? i.e. to the street frontages shall be linear form of development with farmhouse ironstone style of dwellings on Medbourne Road and Farm cottage style on Horninghold Road , plus farmyard/courtyard style adjacent to the existing corner plot.	Yes – the design policy sets out the requirements and the policy is specific that the two character areas will be on 5-6 dwellings.	None
Housing mix	HBE 5	Housing mix should be in the specific allocated and reserve housing site policies. However, this is required in the instance when the Council will has a	The housing mix is specified in policy HBE 4. The allocations in policy HBE3 will need to follow	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		shortfall in 5 year housing supply.	HBE5 as the precise numbers are not specified.	
		Subservient is not a clear definition, need to be clearly defined.	Subservient means 'less than'. This is clear.	None
Affordable housing	HBE 6	First sentence should be omitted as not necessary.	It helps to set the context.	None
		Second sentence has the potential to conflict with the HDC Housing Team, and this can't be achieved with market housing.	This policy has passed examination elsewhere but will be reworded to demonstrate support for a local connection.	Change to be made as indicated.
		Third sentence is good.	Noted.	None
Accessible housing	HBE 7	Not a planning issue, covered by Building Regulations.	This is an aspiration as it says such standards will be supported.	None
Windfall sites	HBE 8	Pretext concerned about the reference to garden area (NPPF definition <u>not</u> previously developed land), and if there are any important gaps this should be in the plan so they do not come forward in	It is considered that this general statement about garden development is appropriate.	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		the future as a windfall site. c) re-word as the wording is clumsy i.e. existing development? ' <i>they reflect the</i> <i>historic character of the settlement of</i> <i>Hallaton</i> '	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
		d), e) and f) repeats HLP policy GD8 therefore not required in NP.	They provide important aspects and do not repeat exactly LP policy GD8, so they are to be retained.	None
		g) OK	Noted	None
Protection of sites of Environmen tal Significance	ENV 2	First two sentences are explanation that should go in the text not policy. What do you mean by local? (Hallaton, 5 mile radius or the District?) the benefits could be seen from an officer point of view as 5 year housing supply and infrastructure enhancements which are usually District wide, therefore we suggest you omit local for clarity.	This is a matter of style. The sentences provide context. Local refers to the neighbourhood plan area. It should be clear that all references to local refer to the Plan area.	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	1st sentence insert 'open' instead of green?	HDC OSSR typologies include 'village green' and 'amenity green space' so it seems consistent to retain the phrase green space as appropriate.	None
Important ENV 3 Open Spaces	S. Lady Close should not be included as a substation.	Noted. The substation is sited on S which is not Lady Close.	None
Notable ENV 6 trees	The protection afforded to trees in a Conservation area and TPO does not need to be strengthened.	Noted	None
	For trees elsewhere HDC and the HNPG have no control over, however, if you are concerned about some trees i.e. perceived threat to the tree, and they are healthy and have public amenity value then you may consider requesting along with the relevant information to have the trees TPO'd.		None
	further comments from Planning Policy:		

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Local Character Landscape Area	ENV 7	<ul> <li>policies are able to protect trees and this can be included in a planning condition when a development proposal is received. However, if a land owner decides to uproot or wilfully damage a non-TPO or conservation area protected tree prior to an application being submitted to the LPA, there is nothing that can be done about this. Suggest clarifying the policy to reflect this position]</li> <li>Repeat of Local Plan policy GD5 Landscape Character Policy is too general lacks detailed evidence, therefore omit.</li> <li>further comments from Planning Policy: This policy appears to meet the basic conditions, please ensure the evidence is available in the evidence base]</li> <li>Locally significant habitats and hedges –</li> </ul>	We believe that the policy provides helpful information against which to determine planning applications alongside other NP policies.	None
Bio-diversity hedges	ENV 8	what/where? Need to provide evidence for a local policy	wildlife corridor which is specified in the policy.	
habitat				

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Connectivity Protection of Important	ENV 9	Suggest looking at the wording from Great Bowden Neighbourhood plan policy	The policy in the NP is considered to be appropriate.	None
Views		Must provide evidence as to why is each view important what are the characteristics in the evidence base. The more information that can be provided on the rationale behind site selection, the more weight they can carry in planning decisions and in the defence against appeal.	Appendix 9 provides the evidence requested.	None
Renewable Energy Infrastructur e	ENV 10	Consider a limit on the height based on landscape evidence.	This was considered but it was decided to keep the policy as it is.	None
The retention of Community	CFA 1	b) demonstrably-what does that mean? Omit.	It means that evidence can be provided. We will keep it as is.	None
facilities and amenities		'No longer economically viable' for community and/or alternative use?	Will retain as is. The policy seeks the retention of the facility for community use – providing an alternative use	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

			may lose this intention.	
New or Improved Community	CFA 2	Add Marketing campaign for 6 months	This is not considered necessary.	None
facilities	054.2	e) covered by Building Regulations therefore omit	This includes other than physical disabilities so is to	None
New School	CFA 3		be retained.	
		d) repeat of c)	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
		add meets the design criteria stated in Policy HBE1	Agreed – although each policy in the NP is to be applied irrespective of	Change to be made as indicated.
Traffic manageme nt	TR 1		whether it is specifically referenced.	
		a) How do you achieve this?-omit	This will help ensure that access and signage seeks to ensure this aim.	None
Electric Vehicles	TR 2	b) Change 'off-road' to 'off-street'	Is this significant?	None
		No pre-text		

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

			Will add in pretext.	Change to be made as indicated.
Footpaths	TR 3	Omit 7KW as too specific some vehicles may require different KW	No – there will be different connections but all charging requires electricity and 7kw is the current standard.	None
		Title should include Bridleway and cycleways	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
Support for existing businesses	BE 1	a-c) after 'pedestrian' and' walking' add cycling/cycle	Agreed	Change to be made as indicated.
and employment opportunitie s		a) consider omitting as encourages business to close.	We have considered but have kept in as it sets a reasonable period to attempt continuation of the business	None
Support for new Business	BE 2			
and Employmen t		b) Omit 'where possible' insert 'Additional support will given to development that re- uses existing	Agreed.	Change to be made as indicated.

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Home Working	BE 3	[Further comment from planning policy: suggest using 'It is located on previously developed land or sites containing existing agricultural buildings, or a clear justification is provided as to why the proposed site is more appropriate.']		
Farm Diversificati on	BE 4	b) what does sensitive mean? Omit	This is for the planning application process to determine based on the information available. The term 'sensitive' is used routinely in planning policies – see Harborough Local Plan policy RT1	None
		c) change all of c) to - <i>meets the design</i> criteria stated in Policy HBE 1	The design policy requires something different – c) should remain.	None
Tourism	BE 5	Seems a repeat of Harborough Local Plan (HLP) Policy GD3, Question whether it will add greater substance to farm diversification policies in HLP and NPPF?	The policy conforms with policy GD3 and adds reference to locally important factors.	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Broadband and mobile Infrastructur e	BE 6		a) add - The business use e) check against HLP Policy GD3 wording Add f) local character of the area No pre-text	It is believed that the policy covers this. It is considered to be in general conformity. Criterion b) references the local character of the area. Policy to be reworded.	None None Change to be made as indicated.
20.	General comments		Resident	please find below my comments on the plan, firstly though, please convey my thanks to all those involved it's preparation - it is clear a great deal of time has been spent putting it together. The last year has been difficult for the village, however, we all seem to be agreed on one point - the village does not want too may houses built and therefore the draft plan should not over allocate.	Thank you for taking the trouble to comment. There is a difference between 'over allocating' and retaining control over development should circumstances change. It is considered that the NP strikes this balance.	None.
	Housing			As a result of the current development at Medbourne Road (net gain 2 dwellings) and the planning permission granted for 23 dwellings at North End, the plan now only	Noted.	None.

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

21.	Site Assessment Outcomes Housing Allocations	Appendix 6	needs to provide a minimum of 5 homes to meet its target for the period to 2031.Appendix 6 of the draft plan (Table 2 - Site Assessment Outcomes - page 7) lists 4 infill sites (plots 6, 13, 12 and 15) described at 5.8 on page 7 as "the most developable and deliverable highest scoring green sites, for a total of about 16 units". Furthermore, at 5.9 on page 7 it states "Allocating these sites exceeds the HDC target and they are known to be both developable and deliverable". As we only need to provide for 5 more dwellings, the statement is quite logical and one would expect perhaps not all the sites to be included, the remainder being left for "windfall" development. However, instead 	Planning e is very hood re an to meet uirement, le to ainable using will f ange, and main up to r time
23.	Reserve Site		•	r time : 103 :103- ly review a an which

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Limits to Developme nt	of the Neighbourhood Plan. Surely, if HDC decide to move the goal posts during the period of the plan, such a dramatic change should result in the plan being revisited and a fresh call for sites made. The North End site already has planning permission for 23 homes and I think it is highly unlikely these will not get built. To mention a reserve site of 11 units puts the site (part of Cow Close) on the radar screen for development. I accept it is outside the Limits to Development (LTD), however, by having it as a reserve one is giving the green light to the LTD being moved and I fear this would encourage HDC or the Inspector to actually move it. Sites 6, 13, and 12 will provide more than enough capacity for the 5 homes needed - Site 7 does not need to be mentioned.	
	Plot 15, although identified as a developable deliverable site has been excluded from the LTD, however, I cannot find any explanation in the draft as to whyThe site was assessed but did not score highly enough to become an allocation.	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

				this one done. The site already has planning permission for holiday lodges, surely permanent solidly constructed homes would look much better and be more in keeping with the village than holiday lodges? If the site was included within the LTD, it would have to comply with all the high quality design standards proposed by the plan - surely this is a better option? Either as windfall or as an identified site, it would provide a further buffer if some of other 3 infill sites did not get built. I therefore request reference to a reserve site (site 7) is excluded from the Plan and the LTD is amended to include site 15.		
21.	22.	Reserve	Resident	First thank you and the committee for providing the event one evening a few weeks ago. It was very useful and constructive. I have a number of comments to make. Page 22 Reserve Site	Thank you for these comments.	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

site	Please note this is not a comment on the specific site as such but one of principle re. any such proposed reserve site. Having read the documents and in line with comments to follow it is apparent that as things stand there is no need for any such reserve site to be put into the neighbourhood plan. My main concern is that in so-doing we open up that site to a far stronger chance of development in the future. I believe that any reference to such a reserved site, wherever in the village it should be, should be withdrawn from the neighbourhood plan.	Please see the response to 20) above. The principle of having a reserve site helps to control future development in the event of future changed circumstances. Not having one renders the Parish susceptible to speculative development should housing supply fall below the required target.	None
	Should it remain then I believe it is essential that the Parish Council take proper legal advice to ensure that absolutely no more than 11 houses are built. They should take into consideration what has occurred at Medbourne where, I believe a site allocated for a maximum of 12 homes, has now been subject to alteration by Harborough District Council	The Medbourne site has not been altered by Harborough DC. No development has been allowed on the site referenced.	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

23.	to allow a development of over 20 homes. We must not risk this happening in Hallaton wherever a reserve site is proposed as this will lead to serious over development of the village. Page 23 Also are we absolutely certain that the wording "around 11 units" in papragraph one of the same page is completely 100%	It is the wording that is accepted legal practice. When precise numbers	None
	watertight? Again I believe the Parish Council should get proper legal advice on this.	have been stated in other NPs, the Examiner has changed it to 'around' or similar wording to allow flexibility.	
Housing allocation	I am not entirely sure which page covers the next comment. However, I believe one site (site 16) originally put forward for development currently has planning permission for holiday lodges has not been included in the plan. It makes no sense not	Noted. The site did not score highly enough to be an allocation in the NP	None
Limits to Developme nt	to include this in the limits to development as it is quite likely, so I understand, that the owner will be seeking to alter the		

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

36.		planning application to proper housing. This could and should be included in the likely number of houses to be developed in the village thus further reducing the requirement for any reserve site.
	Important Open	Page 36 Important Open Spaces
	Spaces	I'm afraid that I cannot agree that the charity cottage open space (L on map) should be considered as such. Anyone who knows the history of Hallaton knows that this has always traditionally been a recognised area of housing within the village. Indeed in the past there were 16 charity houses in this area. It is quite clear that this area should be recognised for what it really is, a brown field site, where that has been until quite recently more housing than is currently on offer. The current neighbourhood plan seeks to prevent the potential future development of a small number of charity houses on this site. This is in direct contravention of the 

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

39.		The play area as such is hardly used by the village. This is clearly an area where limited development should be allowed. Page 39		
50.		a minor point but I do not believe that the	Noted. This will be amended in the NP	Change to be made as indicated.
	Important Views	Page 50 Important Views		
		views which have been left out.	Noted. The view is not considered sufficiently special to warrant inclusion.	None
			Agreed.	Change to be made as indicated.

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

					Without doubt one of the classic approaches to the village and perhaps the most iconic. If we wish to preserve the village then both these should be included and should be sacrosanct to any future neighbourhood plan.		
22.	27.	Windfall Sites	Policy HBE 8	Mrs Nik Green Policy Officer – Communiti es Leicesters hire County Council	Leicestershire County Council is supportive of the Neighbourhood plan process and welcome being included in this consultation. <u>Highways</u> Specific Comments Page 27: POLICY HBE 8: WINDFALL SITES, POINT E (HDM, T&S) In accordance with the NPPF, development should only be prevented or refused on highways grounds if there would be an unacceptable impact on highway safety, or the residual cumulative impacts on the road network would be severe. Any mitigation must be demonstrated to be necessary, directly related, reasonable and proportionate to the	Noted	None

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

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	development proposal in question. The	
	nature of the planning process is such that a	
	development need only mitigate its own	
	impact.	
	General Comments	
	The County Council recognises that residents	
General	may have concerns about traffic conditions in	
Comments	their local area, which they feel may be	
	exacerbated by increased traffic due to	
	population, economic and development	
	growth.	
	growth.	
	Like yery many local authorities, the County	
	Like very many local authorities, the County	
	Council's budgets are under severe	
	pressure. It must therefore prioritise where it	
	focuses its reducing resources and increasingly	
	limited funds. In practice, this means that the	
	County Highway Authority (CHA), in	
	general, prioritises its resources on measures	
	that deliver the greatest benefit to	
	Leicestershire's residents, businesses and road	
	users in terms of road safety, network	
	management and maintenance. Given this, it	

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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

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	is likely that highway measures associated	
	with any new development would need to	
	be <b>fully</b> funded from third party funding, such	
	as via Section 278 or 106 (S106) developer	
	contributions. I should emphasise that the	
	CHA is generally no longer in a position to	
	accept any financial risk relating to/make good	
	any possible shortfall in developer funding.	
	To be eligible for S106 contributions proposals	
	must fulfil various legal criteria. Measures	
	must also directly mitigate the impact of the	
	development e.g. they should ensure that the	
	development does not make the existing	
	highway conditions any worse if considered to	
	have a severe residual impact. They cannot	
	unfortunately be sought to address existing	
	problems.	
	Where potential S106 measures would require	
	future maintenance, which would be paid for	
	from the County Council's funds, the	
	measures would also need to be assessed	
	against the County Council's other priorities	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

and as such may not be maintained by the
County Council or will require maintenance
funding to be provided as a commuted sum.
Regarding public transport, securing S106
contributions for public transport services will
normally focus on larger developments, where
there is a more realistic prospect of services
being commercially viable once the
contributions have stopped i.e. they would be
able to operate without being supported from
public funding.
The current financial climate means that the
CHA has extremely limited funding available to
undertake minor highway improvements.
Where there may be the prospect of third-
party funding to deliver a scheme, the County
Council will still normally expect the scheme
to comply with prevailing relevant national
and local policies and guidance, both in terms
of its justification and its design; the Council
will also expect future maintenance costs to
be covered by the third-party funding. Where
be covered by the third-party funding. Where

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<ul> <li>drainage and have a duty to review planning applications to ensure that the onsite drainage systems are designed in accordance with current legislation and guidance. The LLFA also ensures that flood risk to the site is accounted for when designing a drainage solution.</li> <li>The LLFA is not able to: <ul> <li>Prevent development where development sites are at low risk of flooding or can demonstrate appropriate flood risk mitigation.</li> <li>Use existing flood risk to adjacent land to prevent development.</li> <li>Require development to resolve existing flood risk.</li> </ul> </li> <li>When considering flood risk within the development of a neighbourhood plan, the LLFA would recommend consideration of the fully appreciate of the second consideration of the fully appreciate of t</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>following points:</li> <li>Locating development outside of river (fluvial) flood risk (Flood Map for Planning</li> </ul>	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

<ul> <li>(Rivers and Sea)).</li> <li>Locating development outside of surface water (pluvial) flood risk (Risk of Flooding from Surface Water map).</li> <li>Locating development outside of any groundwater flood risk by considering any local knowledge of groundwater flooding.</li> <li>How potential SuDS features may be incorporated into the development to enhance the local amenity, water quality and biodiversity of the site as well as manage surface water runoff.</li> <li>Watercourses and land drainage should be protected within new developments to prevent an increase in flood risk.</li> </ul>
All development will be required to restrict the discharge and retain surface water on site in line with current government policies. This should be undertaken through the use of Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS). Appropriate space allocation for SuDS features should be included within development sites when considering the housing density to

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

ensure that the potential site will not limit the	
ability for good SuDS design to be carried out.	
Consideration should also be given to blue	
green corridors and how they could be used to	
improve the bio-diversity and amenity of new	
developments, including benefits to	
surrounding areas.	
Often ordinary watercourses and land	
drainage features (including streams, culverts	
and ditches) form part of development sites.	
The LLFA recommend that existing	
watercourses and land drainage (including	
watercourses that form the site boundary) are	
retained as open features along their original	
flow path and are retained in public open	
space to ensure that access for maintenance	
can be achieved. This should also be	
considered when looking at housing densities	
within the plan to ensure that these features	
can be retained.	
LCC, in its role as LLFA will not support	
proposals contrary to LCC policies.	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

For further information it is suggested reference is made to the National Planning Policy Framework (March 2012), Sustainable drainage systems: Written statement - HCWS161 (December 2014) and the Planning Practice Guidance webpage.	None
Flood risk mapping is readily available for public use at the links below. The LLFA also holds information relating to historic flooding within Leicestershire that can be used to inform development proposals.	
Risk of flooding from surface water map:	
<u>https://flood-warning-</u> <u>information.service.gov.uk/long-term-flood-</u> <u>risk/map</u>	
- Flood map for planning (rivers and sea):	
https://flood-map-for- planning.service.gov.uk/	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Planning Developer Contributions If there is no specific policy on Section 106 developer contributions/planning obligations within the draft Neighbourhood Plan, it would be prudent to consider the inclusion of a developer contributions/planning obligations policy, along similar lines to those shown for example in the Adopted North Kilworth NP and the Adopted Great Glen NP albeit adapted to the circumstances of your community. This would in general be consistent with the relevant District Council's local plan or its policy on planning obligations in order to mitigate the impacts of new development and enable appropriate local infrastructure and service provision in accordance with the relevant legislation and regulations, where applicable. North Kilworth Adopted Plan Great Glen Adopted Plan	Noted. This comment is inaccurate and misleading as there are no policies on developer contributions in either the Great Glen or North Kilworth Neighbourhood Plan.	None
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	Mineral & Waste Planning The County Council is the Minerals and Waste		
	Planning Authority; this means the counci		
	prepares the planning policy for minerals and		
	waste development and also makes decision		
	on mineral and waste development.	Noted	None
	Although neighbourhood plans cannot include		
	policies that cover minerals and waste	2	
	development, it may be the case that you		
	neighbourhood contains an existing o		
	planned minerals or waste site. The Count		
	Council can provide information on these		
	operations or any future developmen		
	planned for your neighbourhood.		
	You should also be aware of Minera	1	
	Consultation Areas, contained within the	2	
	adopted Minerals Local Plan and Mineral and		
	Waste Safeguarding proposed in the		
	new Leicestershire Minerals and Waste Plan		
	These proposed safeguarding areas and		
	existing Mineral Consultation Areas are there		
	to ensure that non-waste and non-mineral	6	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	development takes place in a way that does	
	not negatively affect mineral resources or	
	waste operations. The County Council can	
	provide guidance on this if your	
	neighbourhood plan is allocating development	
	in these areas or if any proposed	
	neighbourhood plan policies may impact on	
	minerals and waste provision.	
	Education	
	Whereby housing allocations or preferred	
	housing developments form part of a	
	Neighbourhood Plan the Local Authority will	
	look to the availability of school places within	
	a two-mile (primary) and three-mile	Nama
		 None
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	development. If there are not	
	sufficient places, then a claim for Section 106	
	funding will be requested to provide those	
	places.	
	It is recognised that it may not always be	
	possible or appropriate to extend a local	
	school to meet the needs of a development,	

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	1				I
			or the size of a development would yield a		
			new school. However, in the changing		
			educational landscape, the Council retains a		
			statutory duty to ensure that sufficient places		
			are available in good schools within its area,		
			for every child of school age whose parents		
			wish them to have one.		
			<u>Property</u>		
			Strategic Property Services		
			No comment at this time.		
			Adult Social Care		
			It is suggested that reference is made		
			to recognising a significant growth in the older		
			population and that development seeks to		
			include bungalows etc of differing tenures to		
			accommodate the increase. This would be in		
			line with the draft Adult Social Care	The NP includes reference	None
			Accommodation Strategy for older people	to the ageing population	
			which promotes that people should plan	and has a policy to address	
			ahead for their later life, including considering	this.	
			downsizing, but recognising that people's		
			choices are often limited by the lack of		
			choices are often inflited by the lack of		

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

			suitable local options.
			EnvironmentSpecific CommentsPage 11: The vision statement does not allude to the environment and its protection.Pages 17 & 18: Policy HBE1 Design standards. This is very robust.
11.	Vision Statement		Page 27. B) refers to housing mix and states housing mix is Policy HBE6 – however, this is incorrect, housing mix is Policy HBE5.
17 & 18	Design Standards	HBE1	This plan references the HEDNA (2017) document multiple times which is very good.
27.	Housing Mix	HBE 5, HBE 6	There are also Community Actions in addition to Policies. This is beneficial as this strengthensNotedChange to be made as indicated
			General CommentsNotedNoneIn regard to the environment and in line with the Governments advice, Leicestershire County Council (LCC) would like to seeNotedNone

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	Neighbourhood Plans cover all aspects of the natural environment including climate change, the landscape, biodiversity, ecosystems, green infrastructure as well as soils, brownfield sites and agricultural land.Climate Change The County Council through its Environment Strategy and Carbon Reduction Strategy is committed to reducing greenhouse gas emissions in Leicestershire and increasing Leicestershire's resilience to the predicted changes in climate. Neighbourhood Plans should in as far as possible seek to contribute to and support a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions and increasing the county's resilience to climate change.Landscape The County Council would like to see the inclusion of a local landscape assessment taking into account Natural England's Landscape character areas; LCC's Landscape and Woodland Strategy and the	These and the following general comments are noted	None
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	,
Local District/Borough Council landscape	
character assessments. We would recommend	
that Neighbourhood Plans should also	
consider the street scene and public realm	
within their communities, further advice can	
be found in the latest 'Streets for All East	
Midlands' Advisory Document (2006)	
published by English Heritage.	
Biodiversity	
The Natural Environment and Communities	
Act 2006 places a duty on all public authorities	
in England and Wales to have regard, in the	
exercise of their duties, to the purpose of	
conserving biodiversity. The National Planning	
Policy Framework (NPPF) clearly outlines the	
importance of sustainable development	
alongside the core principle that planning	
should contribute to conserving and	
enhancing the natural environment and	
reducing pollution. Neighbourhood Plans	
should therefore seek to work in partnership	
with other agencies to develop and deliver a	
strategic approach to protecting and	

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improving the natural environment based on	
local evidence and priorities. Each	
Neighbourhood Plan should consider the	
impact of potential development on	
enhancing biodiversity and habitat	
connectivity such as hedgerows and	
greenways.	
The Leicestershire and Rutland Environmental	
Records Centre (LRERC) can provide a	
summary of wildlife information for your	
Neighbourhood Plan area. This will include a	
map showing nationally important sites (e.g.	
Sites of Special Scientific Interest); locally	
designated Wildlife Sites; locations of badger	
setts, great crested newt breeding ponds and	
bat roosts; and a list of records of protected	
and priority Biodiversity Action Plan	
species. These are all a material	
consideration in the planning process. If there	
has been a recent Habitat Survey of your plan	
area, this will also be included. LRERC is	
unable to carry out habitat surveys on request	
from a Parish Council, although it may be	

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possible to add it into a future survey
programme.
Contact: planningecology@leics.gov.uk or
phone 0116 305 4108
Green Infrastructure
Green infrastructure (GI) is a network of multi-
functional green space, urban and rural,
which is capable of delivering a wide range of
environmental and quality of life benefits for
local communities, (NPPF definition). As a
network, GI includes parks, open spaces,
playing fields, woodlands, street trees,
cemeteries/churchyards allotments and
private gardens as well as streams, rivers,
canals and other water bodies and features
such as green roofs and living walls.
The NPPF places the duty on local authorities
to plan positively for a strategic network of GI
which can deliver a range of planning policies
including: building a strong, competitive
economy; creating a sense of place and

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promote good design; promoting healthier	
communities by providing greater	
opportunities for recreation and mental and	
physical health benefits; meeting the	
challenges of climate change and flood risk;	
increasing biodiversity and conserving and	
enhancing the natural environment. Looking	
at the existing provision of GI networks within	
a community can influence the plan for	
creating & enhancing new networks and this	
assessment can then be used to inform CIL	
(Community Infrastructure Levy) schedules,	
enabling communities to potentially benefit	
from this source of funding.	
Neighbourhood Plan groups have the	
opportunity to plan GI networks at a local	
scale to maximise benefits for their	
community and in doing so they should ensure	
that their Neighbourhood Plan is reflective of	
the relevant Local Authority Green	
Infrastructure strategy. Through the	
Neighbourhood Plan and discussions with the	
Local Authority Planning teams and potential	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Developers communities are well placed to	
influence the delivery of local scale GI	
networks.	
Brownfield, Soils and Agricultural Land	
The NPPF encourages the effective use of	
brownfield land for development, provided	
that it is not of high environmental/ecological	
value. Neighbourhood planning groups should	
check with DEFRA if their neighbourhood	
planning area includes brownfield sites.	
Where information is lacking as to the	
ecological value of these sites then the	
Neighbourhood Plan could include policies	
that ensure such survey work should be	
carried out to assess the ecological value of a	
brownfield site before development decisions	
are taken.	
Soils are an essential finite resource on which	
important ecosystem services such as food	
production, are dependent on. They therefore	
should be enhanced in value and protected	
from adverse effects of unacceptable levels of	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

<ul> <li>pollution. Within the governments "Safeguarding our Soils" strategy, DEFRA have produced a code of practice for the sustainable use of soils on construction sites which could be helpful to neighbourhood planning groups in preparing environmental policies.</li> <li>High quality agricultural soils should, where possible be protected from development and where a large area of agricultural land is identified for development then planning should consider using the poorer quality areas in preference to the higher quality areas.</li> </ul>	
Neighbourhood planning groups should consider mapping agricultural land classification within their plan to enable informed decisions to be made in the future. Natural England can provide further information and Agricultural Land	
classification. Impact of Development on Civic Amenity Infrastructure	

#### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		Neighbourhood planning groups should	
		remain mindful of the interaction between	
		new development applications in a district	
		area and the Leicestershire County Council.	
		The County's Waste Management team	
		considers proposed developments on a case	
		by case basis and when it is identified that a	
		proposed development will have a	
		detrimental effect on the local civic amenity	
		infrastructure then appropriate projects to	
		increase the capacity to off-set the impact	
		must be initiated. Contributions to fund these	
		projects are requested in accordance with	
		Leicestershire's Planning Obligations Policy	
		and the Community Infrastructure Legislation	
		Regulations.	
		Communities	
		Consideration of community facilities is a	
		positive facet of Neighbourhood Plans that	
		reflects the importance of these facilities	
		within communities and can proactively	
		protect and develop facilities to meet the	
		needs of people in local communities.	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

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		Neighbourhood Plans provide an opportunity	
		to;	
		1. Carry out and report on a review of	
		community facilities, groups and	
		allotments and their importance with your	
		community.	
		2. Set out policies that seek to;	
		<ul> <li>protect and retain these existing</li> </ul>	
		facilities,	
		<ul> <li>support the independent development</li> </ul>	
		of new facilities, and,	
		<ul> <li>identify and protect Assets of</li> </ul>	
		Community Value and provide support	
		for any existing or future designations.	
		3. Identify and support potential community	
		projects that could be progressed.	
		projects that could be progressed.	
		You are encouraged to consider and respond	
		to all aspects of community resources as part	
		of the Neighbourhood Planning process.	
		Further information, guidance and examples	
		of policies and supporting information is	
		available	

Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

#### Pre-submission consultation responses September – October 2019

	1	
at www.leicestershirecommunities.org.uk/np/		
useful-information.		
Economic Development		
We would recommend including economic		
development aspirations with your Plan,		
outlining what the community currently		
values and whether they are open to new		
development of small businesses etc.		
Superfast Broadband		
High speed broadband is critical for businesses		
and for access to services, many of which are		
now online by default. Having a superfast		
broadband connection is no longer merely		
desirable but is an essential requirement in		
ordinary daily life.		
All new developments (including community		
facilities) should have access to ultrafast		
broadband (of at least 100Mbps). Developers		
should take active steps to incorporate		
adequate broadband provision at the pre-		
planning phase and should engage with		

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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

		telecoms providers to ensure ultrafast broadband is available as soon as build on the development is complete. Where practical, developers should consider engaging several telecoms providers to encourage competition and consumer choice. Equalities While we cannot comment in detail on plans,		
		you may wish to ask stakeholders to bear the Council's Equality Strategy 2016-2020 in mind when taking your Neighbourhood Plan forward through the relevant procedures, particularly for engagement and consultation work. A copy of the strategy can be view at:		
		www.leicestershire.gov.uk/sites/default/files/ field/pdf/2017/1/30/equality-strategy2016- 2020.pdf		
23.	Chris Green BSc (Hons) MA	Thank you for your stakeholder letter dated 29th August with regards to the above- mentioned statutory consultation period.	Noted	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Planner for Andrew Granger & Co	Subsequently, this letter offers a consultation response – prepared by Planning & Development Consultants Andrew Granger & Co. Ltd. on behalf of local landowners – on the Hallaton Draft Neighbourhood Plan.	
	Andrew Granger & Co. Ltd. specialise in the promotion of strategic land for residential development and commercial uses. As a company we are heavily involved in the promotion of clients' land through various Neighbourhood Development Plans and also have vast experience in contributing to the Local Plan preparation process throughout the country.	
	Our client, the Trust of F Pick Deceased, are a local landowner with a recognised and long- standing connection with the village and community. They are promoting their site, known locally as 'Cow Close', for residential development along with wider public benefits including affordable housing and open space	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

facilities.	
Having worked with members of the Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan Advisory Committee since its inception, we agree with the overall vision and objectives set out within the Plan. However, we feel that a number of the draft policies do not assist in meeting these in their current form.	
We appreciate that the process to date has been less than straight-forward, however would like to make the following comments to assist the HNPAC in producing a flexible but robust plan for the community.	
The Plan outlines how it 'seeks to maintain its significant and unique historical heritage and character', with the 'historic charm exemplified by the high number of listed buildings at its core'. However, outlines that there are growing examples of developments in the village 'of a less considered design and of a high density with small gardens.'	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

Housing allocations	Policy HBE 1	<ul> <li>Given the above statement, it is surprising to see the favourable allocation of residential sites in 'back land' and infill locations which will encourage higher density developments that have a negative visual impact upon the street scene and wider Conservation Area. The allocations in these already dense locations also seem to be in contradiction to the Policy HBE1: Design Standards, and the requirement for proposals to 'minimise the impact on general amenity'.</li> <li>In order to conserve the historic charm and beauty of the village core, we would advise that there are alternative locations – including the Cow Close site – which would have considerably less adverse impact to the character of the village and offer an opportunity to further reinforce the local distinctiveness of the area.</li> <li>Looking specifically at the proposed residential allocations, as well as the</li> </ul>	Noted. The site selection process had to consider a range of factors and the resulting allocations took each factor into account and produced a ranking order of suitability taking these factors into account. It will be up to specific applications to produce plans which minimise the impact on residential amenity. We are aware of the alternative locations but the allocations are the most suitable taking all factors, including the scale of development required, into account.	None
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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Policy TR 1	<ul> <li>accompanying site assessments, we believe that not enough consideration has been taken to analyse the potential access issues or the wider highways impact.</li> <li>The Parish Council's substantial objections, alongside the large number of objections from within the local community, to the recently approved planning application off North End show the level of importance placed on the local highways network. This is further evidenced in Policy TR1, which looks to minimise additional traffic movement through the village.</li> <li>Within the Council's final objection comments to this application (HDC ref. 18/01266/FUL), it states that the accompanying Highways Report 'seriously underestimates the likely impact of this development on traffic and highways' and 'fails to account for the character and structure of local transport infrastructure'. This highlights the grave concerns regarding this particular part of the</li> </ul>	The approved development at North End is for a significantly greater number of dwellings and comments on highways issues need to be seen in this context.	
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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

village.	
It goes on to reference the 'dangerous blind corner where North End adjoins East Norton Road, opposite the Fox Inn', before stating that the increase in traffic volume along this road would 'certainly affect the safety of road users and pedestrians at this junction'. Given that the strongly opposed application was approved, it is startling that the HNPAC are looking to allocate all of the additional numbers to either take sole access from North End or be located in very close proximity to the junction which they already believe to be dangerous.	
We believe that greater assessment should be made to the cumulative highway impact that all of the developments will combine to have on the local area. In addition to the actual impact upon the highway, development of the allocations will also have an adverse impact on the numerous important open spaces, and heritage assets in the vicinity.	

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Reserve	HBE 4	When given the significant weight it rightly deserves, this cumulative adverse impact clearly outweighs any benefit of allocating the three small scale sites. We would therefore recommend that the HNPAC reviews the allocations and focus the residual housing requirement in a more suitable location, such as Cow Close. With regards to the inclusion of the Cow Close site within the Plan, albeit as the Reserve Site, we question the appropriateness of the extremely descriptive development requirements when balanced against the triggers for the site to come forward. We are also surprised that these criteria are not being applied to the preferred allocation sites. Given that the site will only come forward in the event of a 'substantial shortfall of	Noted.	None
			existing housing sites' or an increased requirement assigned by Harborough District Council, we believe that Policy HBE4 offers	Noted. We will amend the criteria to 'or up to date	Change to be made as indicated

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	Affordable Housing	Policy HBE 6	<ul> <li>little flexibility in its current form to deliver the local needs when the 'trigger' is met. We fully agree that there should be a focus upon building regulation standards, as well as on the building design and 'character areas', however the Plan needs to allow for up-to- date assessment of the shortfall or local needs at the time of the site coming forward.</li> <li>Policy HBE6: Affordable Housing looks to highlight the 'key issue' of housing affordability across the Parish and demonstrates the local support for the provision of more affordable units across a range of tenures. However, the allocation of three small scale development sites will further intensify the situation, as it results in no requirement for the delivery of affordable housing of any type, or S106 financial contribution to offset this.</li> <li>Multiple small scale developments will not provide a robust strategy to deliver new homes and on this basis, it is our</li> </ul>	Assessment of need' Noted. With the housing requirement reducing significantly during the finalisation of the NP this is an unfortunate inevitability. The alternative – allocating significantly more than the minimum requirement to provide affordable housing – was not acceptable to the community.	None
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### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

	recommendation that the Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan place greater focus on a comprehensive development that will not only deliver the residual housing requirement needed to sustain predicted growth, but will also provide guaranteed benefits to the wider community. In summary, the landowners support the key visions and objectives set out within the Hallaton Draft Neighbourhood Plan. However, we believe that in order for the Plan to deliver on these, it would be of greater benefit to reassess the focus of development from small scale sites to a comprehensive scheme, such as at Cow Close, that will contribute both physically and financially to the needs of the community, whilst allowing flexibility to accommodate future housing needs in the village. At this stage in the preparation, it is vital for the HNPAC to fully consider the cumulative	Noted	None
	adverse impacts that the proposed allocation		

### Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan

and recent approval would have on the local highway network, in light of the Parish Council and local communities justified concerns. Andrew Granger & Co. Ltd., on behalf of our landowner clients, would like to remain involved throughout the Hallaton Neighbourhood Plan process and therefore politely request to be informed of any future consultations. I trust that the above is clear, however please do not hesitate to contact us should you have any further queries on the matter.	
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